

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION, MAY 2011.

M.Phil./Ph.D. (ASIAN CHRISTIAN STUDIES)

COURSE CODE : 242/143

Register Number :

Signature of the Invigilator
(with date)

COURSE CODE : 242/143

Time : 2 Hours

Max : 400 Marks

Instructions to Candidates :

1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.
2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.
3. Read each question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET using HB pencil.
4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you -1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.
5. Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.
6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.
7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.
8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.
9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.

1. The Holy Spirit is associated with
(A) Earth (B) Sky
(C) Ocean (D) Fire
2. The gifts of the Holy Spirit are
(A) Two (B) Five
(C) Seven (D) Ten
3. Which of the following is not a product of learning?
(A) Attitudes (B) Maturation
(C) Knowledge (D) Concepts
4. St. Thomas Christians mostly live in
(A) Goa (B) Karnataka
(C) Tamil Nadu (D) Keralam
5. The Caritas is an organization for
(A) Hospital Ministry (B) Education
(C) Social service (D) Ecology
6. The Congregation of St. Joseph of Cluny first arrived in India at
(A) Madurai (B) Coimbatore
(C) Pondicherry (D) Bangalore
7. The Book of Revelation was written from
(A) Ephesus (B) Corinth
(C) Rome (D) Pathmos
8. How many Archdioceses do you find in Tamil Nadu?
(A) Three (B) Four
(C) Five (D) Six
9. Forgetness is
(A) The result of insufficient learning
(B) A case of negative transfer
(C) A active process of losing memory
(D) None of the above

10. Bibliography given in a research report
- (A) helps those interested in further research and studying the problem from another angle
 - (B) shows the vast knowledge of the researcher
 - (C) makes the report authentic
 - (D) none of the above
11. The research antagonistic to ex-post facto research is
- (A) experimental
 - (B) library researches
 - (C) normative researches
 - (D) all of the above
12. An example of scientific knowledge is
- (A) social tradition and customs
 - (B) authority of the Prophet or great men
 - (C) religious scriptures
 - (D) laboratory and field experiments
13. A researcher wants to study the future of the Congress Party in India. For the study which tool is most appropriate for him?
- (A) Questionnaire
 - (B) Rating scale
 - (C) Interview
 - (D) Schedule
14. Which of the following is not a type of the learned motives?
- (A) Reflexes
 - (B) Attitudes
 - (C) Habits
 - (D) Interest
15. Which of the following is a primary source of data?
- (A) Official records – governments documents, information preserved by social religious organisation etc.
 - (B) Personal records, letters, diaries, autobiographies, etc.
 - (C) Oral testimony of traditions and customs
 - (D) All the above
16. Field study is related to
- (A) real life situation
 - (B) laboratory situations
 - (C) experimental situations
 - (D) none of the above

17. Who said that members of the same species are not alike?
(A) Darwin (B) Good
(C) Best (D) Herbert Spencer
18. When the Jesuit Society was suppressed in 1773 the Carnatic and Madurai Missions were entrusted to
(A) Capuchin Fathers (B) Paris Foreign Mission Society
(C) Mill Hill Fathers (D) Franciscan Fathers
19. The Carnatic Mission had its headquarters at
(A) Bangalore (B) Hyderabad
(C) Kurnol (D) Pondicherry
20. The author of Annihilation of Caste is
(A) Nehru (B) Jyothibha Phule
(C) B.R.Ambedkar (D) Rajaram Mohan Roy
21. 'God is dead' is a famous statement of
(A) Plato (B) Vivekananda
(C) Nietzsche (D) Gandhi
22. Ethics exclusively deals with
(A) Beauty (B) Morality
(C) Knowledge (D) Reality
23. The following is the author of *Das Capital*
(A) Karl Marx (B) Plato
(C) Aristotle (D) Hume
24. The following is the popular slogan of Socrates
(A) Knowledge is power (B) To be is to perceive
(C) Know yourself (D) All real is rational
25. God is considered as fire in
(A) Islam (B) Sikhism
(C) Zoroastrianism (D) Hinduism

26. The Glimpses of World History is written by
(A) Patel (B) Nehru
(C) Gandhi (D) None
27. The concept of values associated with
(A) Love (B) Faith
(C) Desire (D) Fact
28. The following is the king of all yogas
(A) hatha-yoga (B) laya-yoga
(C) raja-yoga (D) all the above
29. "Jnana" means
(A) doubt (B) error
(C) cognition (D) knowledge
30. Lenten season begins on
(A) Good Friday (B) Easter Sunday
(C) Ash Wednesday (D) Maundy Thursday
31. Palm Sunday comes in
(A) Advent Season (B) Christmas Season
(C) Easter Season (D) None
32. Bethlehem means
(A) House of bread (B) House of honey
(C) House of rain (D) None
33. The last important words of Jesus on the cross are
(A) One (B) Two
(C) Five (D) Seven
34. The Apostle who came to India is
(A) St. Peter (B) St. Paul
(C) St. Thomas (D) None

44. Prophet Elijah lived on
(A) Mount Carmel (B) Mount Tabor
(C) Mount Calvary (D) None of these
45. Prophet Elisha cured a leper called
(A) Abimeleek (B) Naaman
(C) Judah (D) None of these
46. "Let Justice flow like waters and Righteousness like an ever flowing stream" said by
(A) Isaiah (B) Jeremiah
(C) Jacob (D) Amos
47. The birth of Jesus was foretold by Prophet
(A) Elijah (B) Jeremiah
(C) Isaiah (D) Amos
48. The first Gospel is
(A) Mark (B) Luke
(C) Mathew (D) John
49. The song Magnificent (My Soul Glorifies in the Lord) sung by
(A) Mary (B) Philomena
(C) Agatha (D) Cecily
50. The meaning of the Hebrew word Messiah
(A) God is with us (B) God's anointed
(C) God's messenger (D) Son of Man
51. When Jesus was born the King of Judah was
(A) Annas (B) Kaipas
(C) Herod (D) Simon
52. To see Child Jesus Three Wise men came from
(A) South (B) North
(C) East (D) West

35. How many disciples were present at the time of Jesus' Transfiguration?
(A) Three (B) Twelve
(C) Five (D) None
36. At the time of crucifixion who stood under the cross with Mother Mary
(A) St. John (B) St. Peter
(C) St. Thomas (D) St. Matthew
37. Ten Commandments were given at
(A) Mount Sinai (B) Mount Everest
(C) Mount Tabor (D) Mount St. Thomas
38. Jesus summarized the Ten Commandments into
(A) Five (B) Two
(C) Six (D) One
39. Samuel was a
(A) Prophet and Judge (B) King
(C) Military Chief (D) None
40. The first king of Israel
(A) Jeroboam (B) Nathan
(C) Jeremiah (D) Saul
41. King Solomon built at Jerusalem
(A) Temple (B) Citadel
(C) Tower (D) None of these
42. David as a young boy killed
(A) Goliath (B) A Moabite
(C) A Canaanite (D) None of these
43. River Jordan runs through
(A) India (B) Egypt
(C) Iraq (D) Israel

53. King Herod killed children in and around Bethlehem aged
(A) Two (B) Five
(C) Seven (D) Ten
54. The Angel who appeared to Mary to announce the birth of Jesus
(A) Raphael (B) Michael
(C) Gabriel (D) None of these
55. The disciples of Jesus who were called Apostles are
(A) Twelve (B) Fourteen
(C) Fifty (D) Sixty
56. Jesus was baptized by
(A) Judas Iscariot (B) John the Baptist
(C) Peter (D) Nathaniel
57. Jesus was baptized at the River
(A) Cauvery (B) Ganga
(C) Godhavary (D) Jordan
58. After receiving Baptism Jesus went to a desert and spent
(A) Two Days (B) Forty Days
(C) Fifty Days (D) One week
59. How many times did Satan tempt Jesus?
(A) Two times (B) Three times
(C) Four times (D) Five times
60. Jesus transfigured on
(A) Mount Tabor (B) Mount Olives
(C) Mount Calvary (D) None of these
61. The Apostle who betrayed Jesus
(A) Paul (B) Judas Iscariot
(C) James (D) Thomas

62. The meaning of Hebrew word Hosanna
(A) Praise (B) Save
(C) Condemn (D) None of these
63. The garden where Jesus prayed to God to take away this cup
(A) Garden of Gethsemane (B) Garden of Bethany
(C) Garden of Samaria (D) Garden of Galilee
64. The name of the present Pope
(A) Paul VI (B) John Paul II
(C) Pius XII (D) Benedict XVI
65. St. Thomas came to India. He landed first in
(A) Goa (B) Keralam
(C) Tamil Nadu (D) Pondicherry
66. St. Thomas died at
(A) Cochin (B) Mumbai
(C) Chennai (D) Calcutta
67. Maximum threat to the world is from
(A) Global warming (B) Ozone hole
(C) Water Pollution (D) Soil erosion
68. Which is the major source of harmful radiations in the house?
(A) Tube light (B) Colour TV
(C) Oven (D) Heater
69. Robert de Nobile, a great missionary of India, is from
(A) France (B) Spain
(C) Italy (D) England
70. Who wrote *Thembavani*?
(A) Vedanayagam Pillai (B) Krishna Pillai
(C) Arulaandar (D) Veeramamunivar

71. The Capital Sins are
 (A) Seven (B) Two (C) Five (D) Eleven
72. The New Testament was originally written in
 (A) Sanskrit (B) Greek (C) Latin (D) Syriac
73. The New Testament contains
 (A) 27 books (B) 72 books (C) 45 books (D) 7 books
74. The Sacraments of the Catholic Church are
 (A) Seven (B) Three (C) Twelve (D) Fifteen
75. My Experiments of Truth is a book written by
 (A) Thilak (B) Nehru (C) Gandhi (D) Tagore
76. "I think, therefore, I am" is a basic principle in the philosophy of
 (A) Aquinas (B) Descartes
 (C) Russell (D) Wittgenstein
77. Sri Aurobindo is a philosopher from
 (A) Delhi (B) Pondicherry
 (C) Bangalore (D) Chennai
78. The author of *Gitanjali* is
 (A) Gandhi (B) Vivekananda
 (C) Sri Aurobindo (D) Radindranath Tagore
79. The number of Vedas is
 (A) Four (B) Two (C) Three (D) Five
80. The Upanishads belong to
 (A) Christianity (B) Buddhism
 (C) Hinduism (D) Jainism
81. According to Gandhi, truth is
 (A) God (B) Subjective (C) Objective (D) Coherence

82. The author of Tirukkural is
 (A) Alvar (B) Nayanar
 (C) Thiruvalluvar (D) Bharathiyar
83. Subramania Bharathi was a great
 (A) Tamil poet (B) Malayalam poet
 (C) Telugu poet (D) Kannada poet
84. The medieval Christian Philosopher is
 (A) Plato (B) Aristotle (C) Ayer (D) Aquinas
85. Plato was a
 (A) Greek philosopher (B) German philosopher
 (C) French philosopher (D) British philosopher
86. Philosophy etymologically means
 (A) Love of wisdom (B) Love of man
 (C) Love of God (D) Love of the world
87. Indian state is
 (A) Secular (B) Theoretic
 (C) Atheistic (D) Autocratic
88. The person who does not believe in God is known as
 (A) Polytheist (B) Monotheist
 (C) Atheist (D) Henotheist
89. The father of Western philosophy is
 (A) Aristotle (B) Plato (C) Russell (D) Socrates
90. Tsunami struck the coast of Tamil Nadu in the year
 (A) 2001 (B) 2002 (C) 2003 (D) 2004
91. The Roman Governor who sat on trial over Jesus was
 (A) Pilate (B) Julius Caesar
 (C) Augustus (D) Markus Anthony

92. How many Beatitudes do you find in the Sermon on the Mount?
(A) Five (B) Six
(C) Seven (D) Eight
93. On Palm Sunday Jesus rode on
(A) A bullock cart (B) Donkey
(C) Horse (D) Camel
94. Jesus performed his first miracle at
(A) Capernaum (B) Nazareth
(C) Cana (D) Jerusalem
95. The Pharisee who visited Jesus at night
(A) Nicodemus (B) Ezekiel
(C) Simon (D) Joseph
96. The Well of Jacob is at
(A) Nazareth (B) Naim
(C) Sickar (D) Jerusalem
97. How many times did Jesus predict his death?
(A) Three times (B) Five times
(C) Six times (D) Seven times
98. *Akaldama* means
(A) Land of Joy (B) Land of blood
(C) Land of dead (D) Land of suffering
99. The apostle chosen in the place of Judas Iscariot
(A) John Mark (B) Luke
(C) Mathias (D) Timothy
100. Gamaliel is the teacher of
(A) Paul (B) Peter (C) Matthew (D) Lazar