ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION, MAY 2013.

Ph.D. (MANAGEMENT)

COURSE CODE: 117

Register Number:		
		Signature of the Invigilator
		(with date)

COURSE CODE: 117

Time: 2 Hours

Max: 400 Marks

Instructions to Candidates:

- 1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.
- 2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.
- 3. Read each of the question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET using HB pencil.
- 4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you -1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.
- 5. Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.
- 6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.
- 7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.
- 8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.
- 9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.

8.	Cost cutting in international operations can take place because of						
	(A)	lower taxes and tariffs	(B)	lower wage scales			
	(C)	lower indirect labor costs	(D)	all of the above			
9.		rket-penetration, product-development be examples of ———————— strategies		market-development strategies would			
	(A)	concentric	(B)	conglomerate			
	(C)	horizontal	(D)	intensive growth			
10.	Sho	rt Term Solvency is indicated by					
	(A)	Proprietary Ratio	(B)	Debt Equity Ratio			
	(C)	Net Profit Ratio	(D)	Liquidity Ratios			
11.	A co	entract is					
	(A)	Legal obligation	(B)	An agreement +Legal obligation			
	(C)	Consensus ad idem	(D)	An agreement+ a legal object			
12.	Simple probability is also called						
	(A)	Marginal probability	(B)	Joint probability			
	(C)	Bayes' theorem	(D)	Conditional probability			
13.	Which is not included under type of leverage?						
	(A)	Financial leverage	(B)	Operating leverage			
	(C)	Administrative leverage	(D)	None of these.			
14.	The most likely relationship between sales potential and market potential for a new product offering is						
	(A)	A) Market potential is less than sales potential					
	(B)	Sales potential is a subset of market potential					
	(C)	Market potential and sales potential are the same					
	(D)	Market potential is a subset of sales	potent	tial			
15.	Qual	lity circles members are					
	(A)	paid according to their contribution	to qual	lity			
	(B)	external consultants designed to pro	vide tr	aining in the use of quality tools			
	(C)	always machine operators					
	(D)	(D) none of the above; all of the statements are false					

	(A)	mostly to the service sector							
	(B)	to services exclusively							
	(C)	mostly to the manufacturing sector							
	(D)	to all firms, whether manufacturing and service							
2.	The	e term Marketing Myopia refers to							
	(A)	Concentrating on short term sales forecasts							
	(B)	Satisfying every small need of a customer							
	(C)	Assuming that making the best possible product will attract buyers							
	(D)	Making products that will become obsolete very quickly							
3.	Acco	ounting which helps to ascertain the results of the business is termed	as						
	(A)	Financial Accounting							
	(B)	Management Accounting							
	(C)	Cost Accounting							
	(D)	Environmental Accounting.							
4.	In a	perfectly symmetrical bell-shaped "normal" distribution:							
	(A)	(A) The arithmetic mean equals the median.							
	(B)	The arithmetic mean equals the mode.							
	(C)	The median equals the mode.							
	(D)	All the above.							
5.	Book	k keeping is to							
	(A)	Record all business transactions							
	(B)	Interpret the financial data							
	(C)	Assist the management in performing its functions effectively							
	(D)	All the above							
3.	Case	e analysis is a type of							
	(A)	Experimental research (B) Descriptive research							
	(C)	Exploratory research (D) Statistical research							
7.	The t	term current asset includes							
	(A)	Bills Payable (B) Bills Receivable							
	(C)	Land and building (D) All the above							

1.

Operations management is applicable

8.	Cost cutting in international operations can take place because of						
	(A)	lower taxes and tariffs	(B)	lower wage scales			
	(C)	lower indirect labor costs	(D)	all of the above			
9.	Ma all	rket-penetration, product-developments be examples of ——————— strategies	nt, and	market-development strategies would			
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	(A)	paid according to their contribution	to qual	ity			
	(B)	external consultants designed to pro	vide tra	aining in the use of quality tools			
	(C)	always machine operators		•			
	(D)	none of the above: all of the statemer	nts are	false			

16.	Stoc	ek is a						
	(A)	Fixed asset	(B)	Current asset				
	(C)	Current liability	(D)	None of the above				
17.	Print media provides much — product information and can also effectively communicate user and usage imagery.							
	(A)	detailed	(B)	specific				
	(C)	informational	(D)	historical				
18.	In a	In a one-way ANOVA, the null hypothesis is always						
	(A)	All the population means are differ	ent.					
	(B)	There is some treatment effect.						
	(C)	There is no difference in the popula	tion m	eans.				
	(D)	Some of the population means are	differen	it.				
19.	Tran	nsaction costs includes						
	(A)	Brokerage	(B)	Commission				
	(C)	Printing	(D)	All of these				
20.	A contingent contract is							
	(A)	Void	(B)	Voidable				
	(C)	Valid	(D)	Illegal				
21.	Tech	Techniques for building employee empowerment include						
	(A)							
	(B)	·						
	(C)	C) moving responsibility from both managers and staff to production employees						
	(D)	(D) All of the above are techniques for employee empowerment						
22.	The degree of operating leverage will change at every level of							
•	(A)	Output	(B)	Input				
	(C)	Work	(D)	Proposal of work				
23.	A schedule is a good data collection instrument for							
	(A)	Secondary data	(B)	Observational data				
	(C)	Passive primary data	(D)	Active primary data				
24.	Hos	pitals use		•				
	(A).	Performance Budgeting	(B)	Zero Base Budgeting				
	(C)	Programme Budgeting	(D)	None of the above				
		•		-				

25.	Under U.S. law, advertisers must not							
•	(A)	copy other's ads	(B)	make false claims				
	(C)	advertise to children	(D)	Advertise after 3 a.m.				
26.	The rankings of teams in a tournament constitute a ————— scale.							
	(A)	Interval	(B)	Nominal				
	(C)	Ordinal	(D)	Ratio				
27.	The	The net present value method is the classic economic method of evaluating the						
•	(A)	Investment proposals	(B)	Investment project				
	(C)	Investment planning	(D)	All these above				
28.	Cost	Costs of dissatisfaction, repair costs, and warranty costs are elements of cost in the						
	(A)	Taguchi Loss Function						
	(B)	B) Pareto chart						
	(C)	ISO 9000 Quality Cost Calculator						
	(D)	process chart		•				
29.	What is the minimum paid up capital for private company?							
	(A)	1 lakh	(B)	2 lakh				
	(C)	3 lakh	(D)	4 lakh				
30.	A Bl	A Blind Test is usually conducted because						
	(A)	A brand association does not influ	ence qua	llity perceptions				
	(B)	A brand association strongly influences quality perceptions						
	(C)	Both the above						
	(D)	None of the above						
31.	Working capital management comes under							
	(A)	Financing Decision	(B)	Liquidity Decision				
	(C)	Investment Decision	(D)	Dividend Decision				
32.	Sup	ply-side measurement of event effec	tiveness	focuses on				
	(A)	potential exposure to the brand by	assessi	ng the extent of media coverage				
	(B)	reported exposure from consumers	3					
	(C)	incremental sales earned during t	he event					
	(D)	(D) incremental sales earned as a result of the event						

10.	5000	K 15 a							
	(A)	Fixed asset	(B)	Current asset					
	(C)	Current liability	(D)	None of the above					
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19.	Trai	nsaction costs includes							
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	(C)	Printing	(D)	All of these					
20.	A contingent contract is								
	(A)	Void	(B)	Voidable					
	(C)	Valid	(D)	Illegal					
21.	Techniques for building employee empowerment include								
	(A)								
	(B)								
	(C)	(C) moving responsibility from both managers and staff to production employees							
	(D) All of the above are techniques for employee empowerment								
22.	The degree of operating leverage will change at every level of								
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23.	A sc	hedule is a good data collection instru	ment	for					
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	(A)	copy other's ads	(B)	make false claims			
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27.	The	net present value method is the classi	c ecor	nomic method of evaluating the			
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28.	Cost	ts of dissatisfaction, repair costs, and v	varra	nty costs are elements of cost in the			
	(A)	Taguchi Loss Function					
	(B)	Pareto chart					
	(C)	ISO 9000 Quality Cost Calculator					
	(D)	process chart					
29.	Wha	at is the minimum paid up capital for p	privat	e company?			
	(A)	1 lakh	(B)	2 lakh			
	(C)	3 lakh	(D)	4 lakh			
30.	A Blind Test is usually conducted because						
	(A) A brand association does not influence quality perceptions						
	(B)	3) A brand association strongly influences quality perceptions					
	(C)	Both the above		·			
	(D)	None of the above					
31.	Wor	king capital management comes unde	r	•			
	(A)	Financing Decision	(B)	Liquidity Decision			
	(C)	Investment Decision	(D)	Dividend Decision			
32.	Supply-side measurement of event effectiveness focuses on						
	(A)	potential exposure to the brand by a	ssessi	ng the extent of media coverage			
	(B)	reported exposure from consumers					
	(C)	incremental sales earned during the					
	(D)	incremental sales earned as a result	of the	e event			

33.	The	e basic objective of financial managen	nent is	5
	(A)			
	(B)	maximisation of share holders wea	lth	
	(C)	ensuring financial discipline in the	orgar	nisation
	(D)		Ü	·
34.	Wh	ich of the following is not a type of str	cuctur	red question?
	(A)	dichotomous	(B)	
	(C)	multiple choice	(D)	none of the above
35.	The	"four Ms" of cause-and-effect diagrar	ns are	
	(A)	material, machinery/equipment, ma	anpow	er, and methods
	(B)	material, methods, men, and menta		
	(C)	named after four quality experts		
	(D)	material, management, manpower,	and n	notivation
36.	Whi	ch section provides relief against mis	mana	gement?
	(A)	390	(B)	398
	(C)	393	(D)	394
37.	The all p	equity shareholders are the residual	claim	ants of all earnings left after meeting
	(A)	Claims	(B)	Benefits
	(C)	Losses	(D)	All these above
38.	Busi	ness model refers to		
	(A)	How the organization is structured	(B)	How the organization makes money
	(C)	Modeling a business process	(D)	
39.	The conse	process of grouping users into mark equences sought from the product is c	et se alled	gments on the basis of the desirable
	(A)	Demographic segmentation	(B)	Behavioral segmentation
	(C)	Psychographic segmentation	(D)	Benefit segmentation
10.	A firmas a	m that is willing to maintain its ma	rket s	hare and not rock the boat is known
	(A)	market challenger	(B)	market leader
	(C)	market follower	(D)	market nicher

41.	The p	rocess improvement technique t	hat sorts tl	he "vital few" from the "trivial many			
		Taguchi analysis	(B)	Pareto analysis			
	` '	benchmarking	(D)	Deming analysis			
42 .	Obser	ving changes in the financial va	riables of t	wo firms is			
		Vertical Analysis	(B)	Horizontal Analysis			
	(C)	Inter-firm comparison	(D)	Intra-firm comparison			
43.	Inat	ransportation problem, items ar	e allocated	from sources to destinations			
		at a minimum cost	(B)	at a minimum profit			
		at a maximum cost	(D)	at a minimum revenue			
44.	"Eve	ry type of reserve is not free to b	e captalise	d". In this statement true?			
	(A)	Yes	(B)	No			
	(C)	Can't say	(D)	None of these			
45.	Of th	ne elements of a print advertises to the ad's effectiveness	ment, the -	matters the most when it			
	(A)	headline	(B)	copy			
	(C)	picture	(D)	font			
46.	Whi	ch of the following is an offer?	·				
10.	(A)	Social invitation.					
	(B)	Advertisement in newspaper for	or sale of a	n good.			
	(C)	A statement of price.					
	(D)	Tender					
47.	Decision making characterized by short-term implications is called						
	(A)	Operational decision	(B)	Tactical decision			
	(C)	Strategic decision	, (D)	Quick decision			
48.	A fi	shbone diagram is also known as	3 a				
10.	(A)	cause-and-effect diagram	(B)				
	(C)	Kaizen diagram	(D)	Kanban diagram			
49	. Cus	stomers who enthusiastically r vices to others are known as	ecommend	the company and its products and			
	(A)	potentials	(B)	advocates			
	(C)	members	(D)) prospects			

50.	Bla	nket Branding is the strategy of	,			
	(A)	Using a different brand name for	eac	h pro	duct of a company	
	(B)	Having many brands in the same	e pro	duct	line	
	(C)	Using the same brand name for i	man	y pro	ducts of a company	
	(D)	All of the above				
51.	The	e term current asset does not include	le			
	(A)	Payment in Advance		(B)	Bills Receivable	
	(C)	Land and building		(D)	Stock	
52.	EO	Q is the optimal order quantity tha	t wil	ıı —	total inventory costs	
	(A)	Maintain		(B)	Maximize	
	(C)	Minimize		(D)	Steady	
53.	An	organization is				
	(A)	the physical location where peopl	le wo	ork		
	(B)	a group of individuals focused on	prof	it-ma	aking for their shareholders	
	(C)	a deliberate arrangement of peop	le to	acco	mplish some specific purpose	
	(D)	any collection of people who all po	erfor	m sir	milar tasks	
54.	"Pol	ka-yoke" is the Japanese term for				
	(A)	card		(B)	foolproof	
	(C)	continuous improvement		(D)	fishbone diagram	
55.	Puffery is defined as					
	(A)	a description of a bakery product				
	(B)	statements used in sales brochure	es to	tout	the benefits of a product	
	(C)	simple exaggerations				
	(D)	lies				
56.	The	rate of dividend of preference shar	e is	decid	ed at the time of	
	(A)	Issue		(B)	Redeemable	
	(C)	Payment		(D)	Dissolution of company	
57.	Ano	ther term for high customer ———		– is c	ustomer churn	
	(A)	retention		(B)	defection	
	(C)	value		(D)	perception	
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111			8			

58.	E-B	E-Business is promising because						
	(A)	It eliminates geographical limitation	s					
	(B)	It eliminates time restrictions						
	(C)	It cuts costs						
	(D)	All of the above						
59.	Pare	eto principle explains the phenomenon	\mathbf{of}					
	(A)	80 % of the customers generating 20 % of the sales						
	(B)	20~% of the customers generating 80	% of 1	the sales				
	(C)	20~% of the customers generating 20	% of 1	the sales				
	(D)	80 % of the customers generating 80	% of 1	the sales				
30.	In a	zero sum game one player's gains repr	resen	t another's exact				
	(A)	gains or losses	(B)	gains				
	(C)	gains and losses	(D)	losses				
31.	App	lication software refers to						
	(A)	Operating system						
	(B)	Compiler						
	(C)	Linker						
	(D)	A package developed for a functional	area	of management in a company				
52 .	Resolving a conflict would be considered to fall under which managerial function?							
	(A)	Directing	(B)	Planning				
	(C)	Leading	(D)	controlling				
33.	If direct materials is Rs. 800; direct labour is Rs. 400; direct expenses Rs.80; and works overhead is 520; the prime cost will be							
	(A)	Rs. 1280	(B)	Rs. 680				
	(C)	Rs.1,800	(D)	Rs.1,640				
64.	CRN	I technology can help motivate employ	ees b	у				
	(A)	analyzing customer revenue and cos value customers	t data	a to identify current and future high-				
	(B)	better targeting the company's direct	marl	keting efforts				
	(C)	tracking customer-service satisfaction	n leve	els .				
	(D)	aligning employee incentives and me	trics					

65.	The	The concept of cost of capital is very important from which points of view?					
	(A)	Capital expenditure decisions					
	(B)	Capital structure decisions					
	(C)	Make or buy decisions					
	(D)	Both (A) and (B)					
66.	When evaluating secondary data, the criteria asks the question of "why the data were collected in the first place."						
	(A)	nature	(B)	objective			
	(C)	currency	(D)	error/accuracy			
67.	Registration of a firm under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 is						
	(A)	compulsory	(B)	not optional			
	(C)	not necessary	(D)	inevitable			
68.	Transaction processing forms part of						
	(A)	Operating support system	(B)	Neural network			
	(C)	Expert system	(D)	Executive information systems			
69.	A fully global organization might set up a ———— with a foreign company to create a new, independent company that produces a specific product						
	(A)	foreign subsidiary	(B)	licensing agreement			
	(C)	joint venture	(D)	strategic alliance			
70.	A paper manufacturer buying chemicals from a chemical company that buys considerable amount of its paper is called						
	(A)	Reverse selling	(B)	Re-selling			
	(C)	Complimentary selling	(D)	Reciprocity			
71.	Click-stream analysis is associated with						
	(A)	A) Measuring advertising effectiveness on the Internet					
	(B)) Using photographs and other visual elements in an advertisement					
	(C)	Controlling and managing the flow of traffic in a self-service store					
	(D)	Determining the number of clients logging on to buy online					
72.	If cu	rrent ratio is 2.5 and working capital:	is Rs,	60,000, current assets will be			
	(A)	Rs. 1,50,000	(B)	Rs. 1,20,000			
	(C)	Rs. 1,00,000	(D)	Rs. 60,000			

73.	Which of the following is not a concern of the supply chain?						
	(A)	warehousing and inventory levels	(B)	credit and cash transfers			
	(C)	suppliers	(D)	maintenance scheduling			
74.	What is a heuristic?						
	(A)	(A) a purely intuitive method of decision making					
	(B)	a shortcut or rule of thumb that is used for decision making					
	(C)	a totally unreliable method of decision making					
	(D)	D) a complicated and systematic method of decision making					
75 .	Which factor is/are responsible for over-capitalization?						
	(A)	(A) High promotion expenses					
	(B)	(B) Wrong estimate of earning at the time of promotion					
	(C)	C) Liberal dividend policy					
	(D)	All of these					
76.	Which among the four 4 Ps of Marketing Mix is revenue-generating for the firm?						
	(A)	Product	(B)	Price			
	(C)	Place	(D)	Promotion			
77.	Which of the following do not necessarily describe the practice of Green Marketing?						
	(A)	(A) Using bio-degradable materials for making products					
	(B)	B) Making vegetarian or agro-based products					
	(C)	C) Using alternatives to non-renewable natural resources					
	(D)	(D) Using non-polluting or eco-friendly technology					
78. How many management functions were originally proposed by			ly proposed by Henri Fayol?				
	(A)	A) four: plan organize, lead, control					
	(B)	three: plan, organize, lead					
	(C)	(C) five: plan, organize, command, coordinate, control					
	(D)	(D) ten: 3 interpersonal, 3 informational, 4 decisional					
79.	Sony is an unusual market leader. It gives its customers new products that they have never even asked for (e.g., Walkmans, VCRs, video cameras, CDs). This makes Sony a(n) ———— firm						
	(A)	market-driven	(B)	market-driving			
	(C)	operations-driven	(D)	vision-driven			

80.	In the make-or-buy decision, one of the reasons for making is						
	(A)	(A) to reduce inventory costs					
	(B)	to obtain technical or management ability					
	(C)	') inadequate capacity					
	(D)	(D) to assure adequate supply in terms of quantity					
81.	The technique of embedding messages in advertisements which can be perceived by the subconscious human mind is called						
	(A)	Sublime advertising	(B)	Subliminal advertising			
	(C)	Surrogate advertising	(D)	Sensual advertising			
82.		A stock dividend implies issue of bonus shares to the existing shareholders of the company by way of capitalization of					
	(A)	Reserve	(B)	Losses			
	(C)	Property	(D)	Provisions			
83.	The cons (A) (B) (C) (D)	simple black-box model of consum sumer in order to respond Stimulus Reaction Cognition Emotion	er behav	viour indicates ———— given to a			
84.	Plar	Planning gives organizations a way to deal with change that					
	(A)	reduces uncertainty	(B)	reduces certainty			
	(C)	increases ambiguity	(D)	eliminates all uncertainty			
85	Capacity ratio × Efficiency ratio =						
	(A)	Turnover ratio	(B)	Profitability ratio			
	(C)	Activity ratio	(D)	Control ratio			
86.	The phases of project management are						
	(A)	(A) planning, scheduling, and controlling					
	(B)	planning, programming, and budgeting					
	(C)	planning, organizing, staffing, lead	ling, and	controlling			
	(D)	different for manufacturing project	ts than f	or service projects			

87.	A competitor's share of industry sales is known as the firm's						
	(A)	share of market	(B)	share of mind			
	(C)	share of heart	(D)	share of competitive space			
88.	Financial management is a part of						
	(A)	Business management	(B)	Financial accounting			
	(C)	Management accounting	(D)	All of these			
89.	A measure of the customer's current and future opportunity value if the current level of business is maintained over time and how much you could expand the customer's share of wallet is termed as						
	(A)	Customer Loyalty					
	(B)	Customer Lifetime Value					
	(C)	Customer Potential					
	(D)	Customer Market Share					
90.	Existing brand names extended to new or modified product categories is called						
	(A)	Brand extension	(B)	Line extension			
	(C)	Co-branding	(D)	Diversification			
91.	In its standardized form, the normal distribution						
	(A)	Has a mean of 1 and a variance of 0					
	(B)) Has a mean of 0 and a standard deviation of 1					
	(C)	Has an area equal to 0.5					
	(D)	Cannot be used to approximate discrete probability distributions					
92.	In marketing "piggybacking" refers to						
	(A)	One marketer using the distribution channel members of another					
	(B)) A marketer conducting industrial espionage to find out competitors' strategies					
	(C)	A marketer spreading negative information about competitors					
	(D)	None of the above					
93.	The transfer of some of the traditional internal activities and resources of a firm to outside vendors is						
	(A)	a standard use of the make or buy decision					
	(B)	not allowed by the ethics code of the Supply Management Institute					
	(C)	C) off shoring					
	(D)	(D) outsourcing					

94.	When the demand for soft drinks grew by 12%, the demand for aluminium cans and glass bottles also grew. The aluminium and glass industries are seeing the effects of						
	(A)	Joint Demand	(B)	Inelastic Demand			
	(C)	Derived Demand	(D)	Unitary Demand			
95.	In a balanced transportation model where supply equals demand,						
	(A)	all constraints are equalities		•			
	(B)	none of the constraints are equalities	3				
	(C)	all constraints are inequalities					
	(D)	none of the constraints are inequaliti	ies	•			
96.	If a firm pursues a ———————————————————————————————————						
	(A)	differentiation	(B)	overall cost leadership			
	(C)	focus	(D)	domestic customer relationship			
97.	SERVQUAL refers to						
	(A)	(A) A measuring scale for quality of services					
	(B)	(B) Software used for qualitative research					
	(C)	C) Systematic management of quality of marketing strategies					
	(D) Strategy of selecting high quality customers in the services sector						
98.	Which of the following is not a primary activity in the Value chain of a firm?						
	(A)	HRM	(B)	Logistics			
	(C)	Marketing	(D)	Operations			
99.	The is often the only portion of the marketing research report that executives read.						
	(A)	executive summary	(B)	letter of authorization			
	(C)	title page	(D)	letter of transmittal			
100.	The reason for sampling is						
	(A)	(A) The population size is very large					
	(B) Sample may be representative of the population						
	(C)	(C) It is convenient					
	(D)	All of the above					