

Max. Marks: 90 Time: 90 Mins.

### **Entrance Test for Enrollment in Ph.D. Programme**

#### Important Instructions

- Fill all the information in various columns, in capital letters, with blue/black ball point pen.
- Use of calculators is not allowed. Use Blue/Black ball point pen for attempting the questions.
- All questions are compulsory. No negative marking for wrong answers.
- To attempt a question, make a tick mark ( $\sqrt{}$ ) at the right option/answer.
- Each question has only one right answer.
- Questions attempted with two or more options/answers will not be evaluated.

Subject (Engg./Arch./Pharm./Mgmt./Sciences) Discipline / Branch Name		ENGINEERING ELECTRICAL		
Father's Name Roll No.				
			Date : <b>10-07-2010</b>	
Signa	ture of Candidate			
Signature of Invigilator				
Q1 (a) (b) (c)	A potentiometer is basically a deflection type instrument a null type instrument a deflection as well as null type instrumen	Q6	Loop T.F. of a control system is given by $G(s)H(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+1)(s+5)}$ . Its characteristic	
(d) Q2 (a) (b) (c)	a digital instrument  Transfer function approach for analysis applicable to SISO - systems MIMO - systems	is (a) (b) (c) (d)	equation is $s^{3} + 6s^{2} + 5s + 10 = 0$ $s^{4} + 6s^{3} + 5s^{2} + 10s + 10 = 0$ $s^{3} + 4s^{2} + 5s + 10 = 0$ $s^{3} + 6s^{2} + 5s + 1 = 0$	
(d) Q3	SIMO - systems  MISO – systems  Analysis of electrical network is	Q7	A second order system is described by its closed loop T.F., Go(s)	
(a) (b) (c) (d) Q4	problem to obtain output for given input and network obtain network for given input and output obtain input for given output and network none of the above  Mathematical expression for a unit so	(a) (b) tep (c)	$G_0(s) = \frac{4}{s^2 + 2s + 4}$ Its damping factor and natural frequency of oscillation are given by $\zeta = 0.2 \text{ and } \omega_n = 2 \text{ radian/sec}$ $\zeta = 0.5 \text{ and } \omega_n = 4 \text{ radian/sec}$ $\zeta = 0.5 \text{ and } \omega_n = 2 \text{ radian/sec}$	
(a)	function is, $u(t) = 1, t \ge 0$ its Lapla transform is $\frac{1}{s}$	Q8	$\zeta = 0.5$ and $\omega_n = 1$ radian/sec  An R-L series circuit is energized by a d.c. voltage of 6 volt. The current flowing in	
(b)	\frac{K}{s} 10	(a) (b) (c) (d)	the circuit, if R=3Ω and L=1 H is 1 A 2 A 0 none of the above	
(c) (d)	s none of the above	Q9	If the input (x) – output (y) relationship of a system is described by the convolution	
Q5	State variables in an RLC-series network defined in terms of current through inductor (L) and voltage across capaci (C) because	an	integral of the form $y(t) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \omega(t, \tau) x(\tau) d\tau$ the system is	
(a) (b) (c) (d)	L and C are pure elements resistance is energy dissipating element L and C are energy storage elements none of of above	(a) (b) (c) (d)	a linear system a non-linear system a quasi linear system none of the above	

(d)

none of the above

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Q10	A unity negative feedback control system is
	described by its closed loop T.F.
	_

$$G_0(s) = \frac{5}{s(s+3)+5}$$
, Its open loop TF is

$$\frac{1}{s(s+3)}$$

$$\frac{5}{s(s+3)}$$

$$\frac{5}{s(s+3)+1}$$

- (d) none of the above
- Q11 The slip of an asynchronous motor in India at full load is 3%. Frequency of its rotor emf is
- (a) 3 Hz
- (b) 2 Hz
- (c) 1.5 Hz
- (d) 1 Hz
- Q12 The air gap between the stator & rotor of a 3-phase induction motor is kept as small as possible because
- (a) no mutual flux is produced with exciting current large and leakage reactance is high
- b) mutual flux is produced with min exciting current and leakage reactances are as small as possible
- (c) both exciting current and leakage reactances are more
- (d) none of the above
- Q13 At electric generating station, the power transformer used is
- (a) voltage step-up transformer
- (b) voltage step-down transformer
- (c) 1:1 transformer
- (d) none of the above
- Q14 A two-winding transformer has full load copper-loss of 400 watts. Its value at half full-load will be
- (a) 400 W
- (b) 300 W
- (c) 200 W
- (d) 100 W
- Q15 A 6-pole, 3-phase, 50Hz induction motor is running at 900 rpm. Its approximate value of efficiency will be
- (a) 70%
- (b) 80%
- (c) 85%
- (d) 90%
- Q16 A transformer has maximum efficiency among electrical machinery because
- (a) there is no-losses in windings and core
- (b) there is no rotational & mechanical losses
- (c) output power is always equal to input power
- (d) none of the above

- Q17 Maximum value of electric generated voltage in India is
- (a) 6.6 KV
- (b) 11 KV
- (c) 22 KV
- (d) 33 KV
- Q18 Maximum value of electric transmission voltage presently used in India is
- (a) 33 KV
- (b) 66 KV
- (c) 132 KV
- (d) 400 KV
- Q19 Control actions normally employed in power systems to supply quality power to consumers are
- (a) the use of UPFC (Unified power flow controllers)
- (b) the use of PSS (Power system stabilizers)
- (c) the use of LFC (Load frequency controller) and EVC (Exciter voltage controller)
- (d) none of the above
- Q20 Load flow analysis in a power system is carried out
- to obtain solutions for power system under steady state condition of operation
- (b) to obtain solutions for power system under transient condition of operation
- (c) to obtain solutions for power system under dynamic condition of operation
- (d) none of the above
- Q. 21 A synchronous generator has been designed for 6 pole in India. Its speed is
- (a) 1000 rpm
- (b) 750 rpm
- (c) 500 rpm
- (d) 1200 rpm
- Q22 Insulation resistance (Rin) is different from conductor resistance (Rc) because
- (a) Rin is proportional to length where as Rc is inversely proportional to length
- b) Rin is inversely proportional to length where as Rc is directly proportional to length
- c) both are directly proportional to length but with different variational constants
- d) none of the above
- Q23 Power factor of an electrical installation can be improved by
- (a) connecting resistive loads
- (b) connecting heavy inductive loads
- (c) connecting capacitive loads
- (d) none of the above
- Q24 Transfer function of a typical system is described by G(s)

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s^2 (s+1)(s+5)}$$
. The type and order

of the above system is

- (a) type-1, order-4
- (b) type-2, order-4
- (c) type-4, order-4
- (d) none of the above

Q25	Terminal characteristics (V-I ch) of an ideal	Q34	The most stable primary atomic standard is
	diode is	(a)	Hydrogen maser standard
(a)	linear	(b)	Cesium beam standard
(b) (c)	non-linear quasi-nonlinear	(c) (d)	Quartz standard Rubidium vapour standard
(d)	none of the above	(u)	Rubidium vapour standard
		Q35	The 'gauge factor' of a strain gauge is
Q26	A voltmeter having resistance of $2000\Omega$		defined as
	when connected to a.c. circuit, power consumption is 2mW. If this voltmeter is		$\Delta L / L$
	replaced by another voltmeter of $4000\Omega$	(a)	<del></del>
	resistance, the power consumption will be		$\Delta R/R$
(a)	4 mW	(b)	$\frac{\Delta R / R}{}$
(b)	1 mW	. ,	$\Delta L / L$
(c)	2 mW	(-)	$\Delta R / R$
(d)	none of the above	(c)	${\Delta D / D}$
Q27	A synchronous motor for leading p.f. can be	(d)	none of the above
	operated at	, ,	
(a)	under exciting the motor	Q36	The maximum demand of a consumer is 2K
(b)	over exciting the motor		watt and his daily energy consumption is 24
(c)	not exciting at all		units. His load factor is
(d)	none of the above	(a)	25%
Q28	If a generator of 250 MVA rating has inertia	(b)	40% 50%
	constant of 6 MJ/MVA, its inertia constant	(c) (d)	none of the above
	on 100 MVA base will be	(u)	none of the above
(a)	15 MJ/MVA	Q37	For low head and high discharge, the
(b)	10.5 MJ/MVA		hydraulic turbine is advised to be of
(c) (d)	6 MJ/MVA 2.4 MJ/MVA	(a)	Pelton wheel
		(b)	Kaplan turbine
Q29	A resistive transducer (potentiometer) has	(c)	Francis turbine
(-)	1000 turns on its winding. Its resolution is	(d)	none of the above
(a) (b)	1% 0.1%	Q38	Specify the number of times the following
(c)	0.01%	Q36	loop is executed:
(d)	None of above		Loop: MVI B, 64 H
(4)	7.010 07 400 70		DCR B
Q. 30	Operational amplifiers use		JNZ Loop
(a)	Linear ICs	(a)	64
(b)	digital ICs	(b)	zero
(c)	both linear and digital ICs	(c)	100
(d)	None of above	(d)	infinite
Q. 31	The microprocessor in a PLC	Q39	What is the equivalent hexadecimal of
(a)	receives and analyses data		binary 101010?
(b)	processes data	(a)	A2
(c)	sends data to the output devices	(b)	A8
(d)	does all of the above	(c)	52
0.22	T 2 1 1 16 (C 1 1 1 1	(d)	2A
Q. 32	In a 3-phase half-wave rectifier, each diode conducts for a duration of	040	If the memory ship size is 2018v8 hits how
(a)	120°	Q40	If the memory chip size is 2048x8 bits, how many chips are required to make up 16 K-
(b)	60°		byte memory?
(c)	45°	(a)	4
(d)	$30^{\circ}$	(b)	2
		(c)	16
Q33	The international standard of length is defined in term of	(d)	8
(a)	length of earth's meridian passing through Paris	Q41	How many flags are there in the Intel 8085A microprocessor?
(b)	distance between two lines engraved on	(a)	8
	platinum –iridium bar	(b)	9
(c)	wave length in vacuum of radiation of	(c)	6
	Krypton-86 atom in its two specified transitions	(d)	5
(d)	none of the above		
(u)	none of the above		

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Q42	Which of the following can be used as a	Q52	A 220 V dc generator run at full speed
	timer / counter?		without any excitation. The open circuit
(a)	8257		voltage will be
(b)	8255	(a)	0
(c)	8259	(b)	about 2 V
(d)	8254	(c)	about 50 V
(u)	0234	(d)	220 V
042	EGG is abbreviated as	(u)	220 <b>v</b>
Q43		052	A somios dia compressor con solf avoita
(a)	Electroretinogram	Q53	A series d.c. generator can self-excite
(b)	Electrogastrograph	(a)	only if load current is zero
(c)	Electrocardiogram	(b)	only if load current is not zero
(d)	Electrogastrogram	(c)	irrespective of the value of load current
		(d)	none of the above
Q44	The device used to measure heart sounds is		
(a)	Plethysmograph	Q54	The torque developed by a d.c. motor is
(b)	Sphygmomanometer		proportional to
(c)	Stethoscope	(a)	flux
(d)	none of the above	(b)	armature current
		(c)	flux and armature current
Q45	Steel rails are welded by	(d)	none of the above
(a)	argon arc welding	(3)	
(b)	thermit welding	Q55	When the armature of dc series motor is
(c)	gas welding	255	small, the torque is proportional to
(d)	resistance welding		
(u)	resistance weighing	(a)	$\sqrt{Ia}$
046	To the state of the state of the state of	(b)	Ia
Q46	In arc welding the temperature of the arc is	(c)	$(Ia)^2$
	of the order of	(C)	
(a)	150°		$(Ia)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
(b)	1540°C	(d)	$(Ia)^2$
(c)	3500°C		
(d)	10,000°C	Q56	The resistance of shunt field of a d.c.
		Qu'u	machine is about
Q47	If natural uranium is used as the fuel, the	(a)	100Ω
	moderator to be used is		10Ω
(a)	ordinary water	(b)	2Ω
(b)	heavy water	(c)	
(c)	ordinary & heavy water	(d)	0.1Ω
(d)	graphite	0.55	
(u)	grapinic	Q57	It is desired to control the speed of a d.c.
049	A lamp gives 1500 C.D. in all directions		shunt motor less than rated speed. The
Q48	A lamp gives 1500 C.P in all directions		proper method of speed control is
	below the horizontal. The total radiation	(a)	Field control
	sent vertically downward is	(b)	armature resistance control
(a)	750 π	(c)	shunted field control
(b)	1500 π	(d)	shunted armature control
(c)	750 / π	` '	
(d)	1500 / π	Q58	The regulation of a two winding
		200	transformer is 5% at full load and u.p.f. At
Q49	The fissile material is		full load, 0.8 p.f. lagging the regulation
(a)	$U_{232}$		would be
(b)	thorium	(2)	
(c)	Plutonium	(a)	5%
(d)	Monazite	(b)	less than 5%
(4)	MONGLIC	(c)	more than 5%
050	For speed control of motors using shapes	(d)	none of the above
Q50	For speed control of motors using choppers		
(-)	it is desirable to employ	Q59	An auto transformer results in copper
(a)	frequency modulation method		saving of material if
(b)	pulse width modulation method	(a)	turn ratio is high
(c)	phase control method	(b)	turn ratio is low
(d)	any of the above	(c)	rating of transformer is high
		(d)	rating of transformer is low
Q51	A D.C. generator has 6-poles. A brush shift	(-)	<b>6</b>
	of 6° actual means a brush shift of	Q60	Turbo alternators use
	or o wetter means a crash sinit or		
(a)	6° electrical	_	
	6° electrical	(a)	hydrogen cooling
(b)	6° electrical 18° electrical	(a) (b)	hydrogen cooling air cooling
	6° electrical	(a)	hydrogen cooling

#### PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, JALANDHAR 061 The function of amortisseur winding in a The unit of measurement for slew rate of an **O**70 synchronous motor is op-amp. is (a) to prevent hunting (a) V/µs to provide starting torque nΑ (b) (b) (c) to improve p.f (c) dB to prevent hunting & provide starting torque (d) (d) dimensionless O71 Which of the following may constitute the Q62 V-curves of synchronous motor show the objectives of research? relation between to gain familiarity or new insights into a (a) armature current and terminal voltage (a) phenomenon (b) arm current and load (b) to test a hypothesis of a casual relationship (c) arm current and field current between variables (d) all the above to portray accurately the characteristics of a (c) situation or a group Q63 A 50 Hz 3-phase induction motor has a full (d) all of the above speed of 1440 rpm. The number of poles of Q72 Which of the following is not a measure of the motor are (a) 4 central tendency? (b) 6 (a) Mean 12 Median (c) (b) (d) 8 Variance (c) (d) Mode The p.f. of an induction motor at full load is Q64 Q73 The shape of sampling distribution is more about like a normal distribution even if the 0.8 lagging (a) sampling is not from normal popululation (b) provided the sample size 'n' exceeds: (c) 0.8 leading 20 (a) (d) 0.2 lagging 30 (b) 50 (c) Q65 In a capacitor start motor, the capacitor is (d) 100 connected Q74 (a) in series with both the windings The central limit theorem states that the (b) in series with auxiliary winding distribution of means of random samples in series with main winding taken from a population having mean, $\mu$ and (c) in parallel with auxiliary winding (d) finite variance, $\sigma^2$ approaches the normal distribution with mean µ and variance **O**66 A fully controlled converter can be adopted as n tends to (a) rectifier only 0 (a) (b) both rectifier and inverter (b) $\infty$ inverter only (c) 1 (c) (d) none of the above (d) 100 067 A chopper converts Q75 Which of the following assumptions made a constant d.c. voltage into a variable d.c. (a) for using the t-test is not correct voltage sample is a random sample (a) (b) a variable d.c. voltage into a constant dc (b) observation are independent (c) population from which the sample is drawn (c) a constant a.c. voltage into a variable a.c. is normal-distributed (d) none of the above (d) a variable ac voltage into a constant d.c. Q76 The weight of 10-students in Kg is 38, 40, 45, 53, 47, 43, 55, 48, 52, 49. The variance 068 if a power supply has a no load voltage of of the given sample data is 9V and a full load voltage of 8V, the (a) 47 regulation is 52.22 (b) 10.2% (a) 31.11 (c) 12.5% (b) 28 (d) (c) 1.25% 125% (d) **O77** A dice is thrown 132 times. The expected frequency of any one number coming Q69 Which of the following ICs is a voltage upward is regulator? (a) 1/6 IC 723 (a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

IC 3028

IC 3065

IC 741

(b)

(c)

(d)

792

22

none of the above

- Q78 Eight coins were tossed 256-times. The expected value of getting 2-heads in a single throw in 256 throws of eight coins is
- (a) 8
- (b) 28
- (c) 56
- (d) 1
- Q79 Relationship between standard error of mean of a given sample size  $\sigma x$ , standard deviation of the population  $\sigma_P$  and the size of the sample, n is given by
- (a)  $\sigma x = \frac{\sigma p}{n}$
- (b)  $\sigma x = \frac{\sigma p}{(n-1)}$
- (c)  $\sigma x = \frac{\sigma p}{\sqrt{n-1}}$
- (d)  $\sigma x = \frac{\sigma p}{\sqrt{n}}$
- Q80 If the standard deviation of a random sample of size 64 taken from a population of size 2400 is 0.8, the standard error of mean for a given population is
- (a) 0.097
- (b) 0.050
- (c) 0.010
- (d) 0.435
- Q81 The Harmonic mean of numbers 4, 6 & 12 is
- (a) 96
- (b) 7.33
- (c) 6
- (d) none of the above
- Q82 The Geometric mean of numbers 4, 6 and 9 is
- (a) 6
- (b) 14.7
- (c) 6.3
- (d) 72
- O83 Skewness is
- (a) measure of relationship
- (b) measure of central tendency
- (c) measure of dispersion
- (d) measure of asymmetry
- Q84 If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  denote type I & type II errors, the power of the test is given by
- (a)  $(\alpha + \beta)$
- (b)  $1-(\alpha+\beta)$
- (c)  $(1-\alpha)$
- (d)  $(1-\beta)$
- Q85 Chi square test is used to
- (a) test goodness of fit
- (b) test significance of association between two attributes
- (c) test the homogenty of population variance
- (d) all of the above

- Q86 Which of the following is a formal experimental design
- (a) randomized block design
- (b) Latin square design
- (c) completely randomized design
- (d) all of the above
- Q87 Selection of appropriate method for data collection depends on
- (a) precision needed
- (b) availability of time
- (c) scope of inquiry
- (d) all of the above
- Q88 Yate's correction is applicable to
- (a) t-test
- (b) f-test
- (c) Chi-square test
- (d) none of the above
- Q89 Research activities relying on experience or observation alone is
- (a) conceptual research
- (b) empirical research
- (c) applied research
- (d) analytical research
- Q90 A tentative assumption made in order to draw out and test its logical or empirical consequences is a
- (a) Law
- (b) postulation
- (c) hypothesis
- (d) none of the above