

**UNIVERSITY OF HYDERABAD  
ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2011  
M.A., APPLIED LINGUISTICS**

**Time: 2 Hours**

**Marks : 100**

**Code NO: V -22**

**Hall Ticket No:**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- i) Write your Booklet Code and Hall Ticket Number in the OMR Answer Sheet given to you. Also write the Hall Ticket Number in the space provided above.
- ii). **There is negative marking. Each wrong answer carries -0.33 mark.**
- iii) Answers are to be marked on the OMR answer sheet following the instructions provided there upon.
- iv). Hand over both the question paper booklet and OMR answer sheet, at the end of the examination, to the invigilator.
- v). No additional sheet will be provided. Rough work can be done in the question paper itself / space provided at the end of the booklet.

**Section-A**

1. It is a great place to live apart from the increasing volume of ----- that passes under my window every day.
  - A. Transport
  - B. Traffic
  - C. Vehicles
  - D. Circulation
  
2. The teacher asked if ----- to bring our text books to the class.
  - A. Had we all remembered
  - B. All we had remembered
  - C. We had all remembered
  - D. Had all we remembered
  
3. Sushma is very angry ----- boss's decision to sack several members of staff.
  - A. At
  - B. With
  - C. For
  - D. By
  
4. Did you have any problems ----- our h
  - A. Find
  - B. To find
  - C. Finding
  - D. For finding
  
5. I am sure I would have referred it if I ----- to take the job.
  - A. Would have agreed
  - B. Would agree
  - C. Did agree
  - D. Had agreed
  
6. The meat is very----- . What recipe did you use?
  - A. Gentle
  - B. Tender
  - C. Mild
  - D. Soft

- 7. We ----- a lovely three weeks in the South of Spain last year.
  - A. Passed
  - B. Took
  - C. Did
  - D. Spent
  
- 8. Emma ----- an instant dislike to her brother's new girl friend.
  - A. Had
  - B. Took
  - C. Felt
  - D. Got
  
- 9. Unfortunately, our hotel turned out to be a(n) ----- distance from the beach.
  - A. Substantial
  - B. Sizeable
  - C. Extensive
  - D. Considerable
  
- 10. Ravi ----- friendship with a girl who was staying in the same hotel as us in Delhi last year.
  - A. Picked up
  - B. Caught up
  - C. Struck up
  - D. Took up
  
- 11. Most children these days get inoculated ----- common childhood illnesses like measles and mumps when they are babies.
  - A. For
  - B. From
  - C. Against
  - D. Apart
  
- 12. Are you able to ----- CDs on your computer?
  - A. Toast
  - B. Cook
  - C. Burn
  - D. Bake
  
- 13. Local residents ----- objected to the plans to build a super market where there is currently a beautiful park.
  - A. Roundly
  - B. Harshly
  - C. Strenuously
  - D. Severely

14. I think that the problem has raised a major ----- for our society today.
- A. Subject
  - B. Theme
  - C. Issue
  - D. Point
15. Please don't forget to ring me when you ----- home.
- A. Will get
  - B. Get
  - C. Are going to get
  - D. Getting
16. Karl and Susan have agreed to come to our party ----- has made Maria very happy.
- A. What
  - B. That
  - C. Which
  - D. Who
17. Everyone is hoping and praying that ----- peace will eventually come to the area.
- A. Durable
  - B. Ongoing
  - C. Lasting
  - D. Irrevocable
18. Raju has insisted ----- paying for the meal for all of us.
- A. In
  - B. For
  - C. To
  - D. On
19. John is very good at sport ----- his twin brother Edward is not interested in at all.
- A. Wherever
  - B. Since
  - C. Despite
  - D. While
20. I had no idea that you were planning to come, you ----- me.
- A. Would have warned me
  - B. Might have warned me
  - C. Could be warning me
  - D. Should be warning me

21. I wish Mohan and his father would settle their ----- and start talking to each other.
- A. Arguments
  - B. Disagreements
  - C. Differences
  - D. Problems
22. I really have no idea how the mistake ----- in the first place.
- A. Came around
  - B. Came through
  - C. Came about
  - D. Came off
23. Prakash----- his father.
- A. Like to
  - B. Looks like
  - C. Looking like
  - D. Is liking
24. In the stillness of the night the sound ----- very loudly.
- A. Very loudly
  - B. Heard
  - C. Resounded
  - D. Sounded
25. Not only ----- to determine the depth of the ocean floor, but also to locate oil.
- A. To use sesmiology
  - B. Is sesmiology used
  - C. Sesmiology is used
  - D. Using sesmiology
26. Shortly after the accident two ----- police were sent to the spot to keep order.
- A. Dozen of
  - B. Dozens of
  - C. Dozens
  - D. Dozen
27. We are going to review ----- today.
- A. The Lesson fifth
  - B. Lesson five
  - C. Fifth lesson
  - D. Lesson fifth

28. In many cases the formerly ----- origins of diseases have now been identified through modern scientific techniques.
- A. Insightful
  - B. Mysterious
  - C. Notable
  - D. Notable
29. A judgement made before all the facts are known must be called -----.
- A. Harsh
  - B. Deliberate
  - C. Premature
  - D. Sensible
30. The research is so ----- that it leaves no part of the issue unexamined.
- A. Comprehensive
  - B. Rewarding
  - C. Sporadic
  - D. Economical

### Section-B

#### Language Aptitude Test

31. Nepali, Hindi and Marathi are written in:
- A. Gurmukhi
  - B. Brahmi
  - C. Devnagiri
  - D. Sharada
32. The oldest grammatical work in Indian languages is:
- A. Tolkappiyam
  - B. Ashtadhyayi
  - C. Manimekhalai
  - D. Balavyakaranam
33. Now the number of scheduled languages according to the Indian Constitution is:
- A. 15
  - B. 18
  - C. 22
  - D. 24

34. The most translated book in the world is:
- A. Bhagavadgita
  - B. Koran
  - C. Bible
  - D. Zendavesta
35. Mahabharata was written by:
- A. Tulsidas
  - B. Kabir
  - C. Vedavyas
  - D. Meera Bai
36. The language policy of India is based on the:
- A. Five-language formula
  - B. Three-language formula
  - C. Four-language formula
  - D. Two-language formula
37. The following language pairs have been accorded classical language status by Government of India:
- A. Tamil and Kannada
  - B. Tamil and Telugu
  - C. Tamil and Malayalam
  - D. Telugu and Kannada
38. The International Mother Tongue Day is celebrated all over the world on:
- A. March 21
  - B. April 21
  - C. February 21
  - D. None of the above
39. Sahitya Akademi is an organization dedicated to the promotion of:
- A. Fine arts in India
  - B. Literature in Indian languages
  - C. Music in India
  - D. Literacy in India

40. A 500-rupee note has its value printed in ----- Indian languages.
- A. 16
  - B. 12
  - C. 14
  - D. 15
41. In English, usually a word's spelling and its pronunciation are:
- A. Directly related
  - B. Not related
  - C. Simultaneous
  - D. Parallel
42. Who wrote the original *Panchatantra*?
- A. Vishnu Sharma
  - B. Tulsidas
  - C. Kalidasa
  - D. Srinadha
43. In which of the following union territories is French still officially used:
- A. Laksha Dweep
  - B. Goa
  - C. Diu and Daman
  - D. Dadra Nagar Haweli
44. From which language has the word *Swarna* meaning 'gold' come from?
- A. French
  - B. Arabic
  - C. Marathi
  - D. None of the above
45. There are many words borrowed from other languages into Indian languages. Which one of the following words has been borrowed from English into common Hindi?
- A. Cot
  - B. Station
  - C. Sentry
  - D. Soap



46. Who wrote *Gita Gobindam*?

- A. Dajendra Lal Sarkar
- B. Billal Sen
- C. Jaidev
- D. Dhoyi

47. In which class English is introduced to school children in Andhra Pradesh?

- A. First standard
- B. Fourth Standard
- C. Sixth Standard
- D. Third Standard

48. In which language dictionary have the words like *Hartal*, *Bandh* and *Jungle* entered?

- A. German
- B. Russian
- C. English
- D. French

49. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Hindi is the official language of India
- B. Hindi is the National language of India
- C. Hindi is the state language of India
- D. Hindi is the corporate language of India.

50. The earliest dictionary available in India is:

- A. Amarakosha
- B. Amarakatha
- C. Amaranighantu
- D. Amaracharitra

**Section-C**  
**Problem-1**

Consider the following words from Michowacan Aztec, a language of Mexico, and answer the questions that follow:

a. [nokali]	'my house'
b. [nokalimes]	'my houses'
c. [mokali]	'your house'
d. [ikali]	'his house'
e. [nopelo]	'my dog'
f. [mopelo]	'your dog'
g. [ikwahmili]	'his cornfield'
h. [nokwahmili]	'my cornfield'
i. [mokwahmili]	'your cornfield'

51. The word for 'house' in this language is:

- A. okali
- B. nokali
- C. mokali
- D. kali

52. The word for 'dog' is:

- A. pelo
- B. opelo
- C. mopelo
- D. lopemo

53. The word for 'your dogs' is:

- A. pelo
- B. opelos
- C. mopelomes
- D. opelomes

54. The plural marker in this language is

- A. imes
- B. omes
- C. mes
- D. elomes

55. The possessive pronoun 'my' in this language is:
- A. no
  - B. mo
  - C. noka
  - D. nope
56. What is the English translation for the Michoacan word 'ipelo'?
- A. My dog
  - B. His dog
  - C. Your dog
  - C. None of the above
57. How would you say 'his cornfields' in Michoacan?
- A. ikawahmili
  - B. ikwahmilimes
  - C. ikahwmilimes
  - D. ikalmesmiliwh
58. What is the equivalent of 'your':
- A. i
  - B. mo
  - C. ik
  - D. mok
59. What is the equivalent of 'his':
- A. i
  - B. mo
  - C. no
  - D. mok
60. What is the word for 'cornfield':
- A. kwahmili
  - B. kwalimih
  - C. mokwahmili
  - D. none of the above

**Problem-2**

Consider the following data from Swedish and answer the questions that follow:

a.	en lampa	'a lamp'
b.	stolen	'the chair'
c.	en tidning	'a newspaper'
d.	lampan	'the lamp'
e.	bilen	'the car'
f.	en stol	'the chair'
g.	sofforna	'the sofas'
h.	katten	'the cat'
i.	kattar	'cats'
j.	bilar	'cars'
k.	kattarna	'the cats'
l.	bilarna	'the cars'
m.	lamporna	'the lamps'
n.	lampor	'lamps'

61. What is the Swedish word for 'a/an'?

- A. en
- B. na
- C. ar
- D. an

62. What is the word for 'the newspaper'?

- A. tidningen
- B. tidningar
- C. tidningarna
- D. tidning

63. What is the word for 'newspapers'?

- A. tidningen
- B. tidningar
- C. tidningarna
- D. none of the above

64. What is translation for 'en bil'?

- A. a car
- B. cars
- C. the cars
- D. an car

65. What is the Swedish word for 'a cat'?
- A. katten
  - B. kattar
  - C. en katt
  - D. kattes
66. What is the translation of 'soffor'?
- A. sofas
  - B. sofa
  - C. the sofa
  - D. a sofa
67. What is the translation of 'tidningarna'?
- A. newspaper
  - B. newspapers
  - C. a newspaper
  - D. the newspapers
68. If in this language 'flicka' stands for 'girl', how will you write 'the girls'?
- A. flickarna
  - B. flickorna
  - C. en flicka
  - D. flickor
69. What is the translation of 'stolarna'?
- A. the chairs
  - B. the chair
  - C. a chairs
  - D. an chair
70. How would you write a 'sofa' in Swedish?
- A. en sofffa
  - B. soffan
  - C. soffarna
  - D. soffor

**Choose the correct equivalent:****71. affinity**

- A. kindness
- B. prediction
- C. relationship
- D. certainty

**72. aftermath**

- A. unpleasant consequence
- B. climax
- C. rest period
- D. calamity

**73. bereft**

- A. deprived
- B. borrowed
- C. insane
- D. frenzied

**74. complacency**

- A. ignorance
- B. grievance
- C. willingness to please
- D. self-satisfaction

**75. demean**

- A. to pretend
- B. lower
- C. insist
- D. imply

**76. egregious**

- A. shocking
- B. shy
- C. preliminary
- D. self-centered

**77. eponymous**

- A. exactly similar
- B. in disguise
- C. short-lived
- D. named after a person

**78. fortuitous**

- A. rich
- B. accidental
- C. favourable
- D. contented

**79. idiosyncrasy**

- A. futile gesture
- B. authority
- C. sameness
- D. individuality

**80. innate**

- A. brief
- B. inborn
- C. empty
- D. first

**Choose the correct form of the verb:**

81. The Headmaster \_\_\_\_\_ to speak to you.

- A. wants
- B. is wanting
- C. was wanting
- D. has been wanting

82. I \_\_\_\_\_ a new bicycle last week.

- A. Buy
- B. Bought
- C. Have bought
- D. Had bought

83. Here are your shoes; I \_\_\_\_\_ them.
- A. just clean
  - B. just cleaned
  - C. have just cleaned
  - D. just have cleaned
84. It \_\_\_\_\_ since early morning.
- A. rained
  - B. is raining
  - C. has been raining
  - D. had rained
85. I \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of work today.
- A. do
  - B. did
  - C. have done
  - D. had done
86. I \_\_\_\_\_ something burning.
- A. smell
  - B. am smelling
  - C. have been smelling
  - D. was smelling
87. He will explain it to you when he \_\_\_\_\_ back.
- A. comes
  - B. will come
  - C. came
  - D. has come
88. She \_\_\_\_\_ unconscious since four o'clock.
- A. is
  - B. was
  - C. has been
  - D. will be
89. He used to visit us every week, but he \_\_\_\_\_ now.
- A. rarely comes
  - B. is rarely coming
  - C. has rarely come
  - D. had rarely come



90. If he \_\_\_\_\_ of your marriage, he will be surprised.
- A. hears
  - B. will hear
  - C. heard
  - D. will be hearing
91. Every day last week my aunt \_\_\_\_\_ a plate.
- A. breaks
  - B. broke
  - C. was breaking
  - D. is breaking
92. I know all about that film because I \_\_\_\_\_ it twice.
- A. was seeing
  - B. have seen
  - C. had seen
  - D. should see
93. My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.
- A. arrived
  - B. will have been arriving
  - C. has arrived
  - D. will arrive
94. I \_\_\_\_\_ him since we met a year ago.
- A. didn't see
  - B. haven't seen
  - C. hadn't seen
  - D. not saw
95. We \_\_\_\_\_ our breakfast half an hour ago.
- A. finished
  - B. have finished
  - C. had finished
  - D. finish
96. She jumped off the bus while it \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. moved
  - B. had moved
  - C. was moving
  - D. was moved

97. When we went to the cinema, the film \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. already started
  - B. had already started
  - C. would already start
  - D. started
98. When I pay him tomorrow, he \_\_\_\_\_ everything I owe him.
- A. has received
  - B. has been receiving
  - C. will have received
  - D. received
99. Did you think you \_\_\_\_\_ me somewhere before?
- A. have seen
  - B. had seen
  - C. were seeing
  - D. saw
100. The town \_\_\_\_\_ its appearance completely since 1960.
- A. is changing
  - B. changed
  - C. has changed
  - D. has been changed

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