Signature and Name of Invigilator

| 1. | (Signature) |
|----|-------------|
| | (Name) |
| 2. | (Signature) |

| OMR Sh | eet N | 0.: | | | | | | |
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| | | | | fillec | l by t | he Ca | ndida | ate) |
| Roll No. | | | | | | | | |
| · | () | In fig | ures a | as per | adm | issior | card |) |
| Roll No | | | | | | | | |

(Name)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

PAPER - III **INDIAN CULTURE**

[Maximum Marks: 150

(In words)

Number of Questions in this Booklet: 75

Number of Pages in this Booklet: 24

Instructions for the Candidates

- 1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of this page.
- This paper consists of seventy five multiple-choice type of
- 3. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below:
 - To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal and do not accept an open booklet.
 - (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - (iii) After this verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered on the OMR Sheet and the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
- 4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (1), (2), (3) and (4). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.
 - **Example:** (1) (2) (4) where (3) is the correct response.
- 5. Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark your response at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- 6. Read instructions given inside carefully.
- 7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
- 8. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, such as change of response by scratching or using white fluid, you will render yourself liable to 9 disqualification.
- You have to return the original OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are however, allowed to carry original question booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination.
- 10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
- 11. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.
- 12. There are no negative marks for incorrect answers.
- 13. In case of any discrepancy in the English and Hindi versions, English version will be taken as final.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

- 1. इस पृष्ठ के ऊपर नियत स्थान पर अपना रोल नम्बर लिखिए।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र में पचहत्तर बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं।
- परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने पर, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका आपको दे दी जायेगी। पहले पाँच मिनट आपको प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने तथा उसकी निम्नलिखित जाँच के लिए दिये जायेंगे, जिसकी जाँच आपको अवश्य करनी है:
 - प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने के लिए पुस्तिका पर लगी कागज की सील को फाड़ लें। खुली हुई या बिना स्टीकर-सील की पुस्तिका स्वीकार न करें।
 - कवर पृष्ठ पर छपे निर्देशानुसार प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के पृष्ठ तथा प्रश्नों की संख्या को अच्छी तरह चैक कर लें कि ये पूरे हैं। दोषपूर्ण पुस्तिका जिनमें पृष्ठ/प्रश्न कम हों या दुबारा आ गये हों या सीरियल में न हों अर्थात किसी भी प्रकार की त्रुटिपूर्ण पुस्तिका स्वीकार न करें तथा उसी समय उसे लौटाकर उसके स्थान पर दूसरी सही प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले लें। इसके लिए आपको पाँच मिनट दिये जायेंगे। उसके बाद न तो आपकी प्रश्न-पुस्तिका वापस ली जायेगी और न ही आपको अतिरिक्त समय दिया जायेगा।
 - (iii) इस जाँच के बाद प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का नंबर OMR पत्रक पर अंकित करें और OMR पत्रक का नंबर इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अंकित कर दें।
- 4. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार उत्तर विकल्प (1), (2), (3) तथा (4) दिये गये हैं। आपको सही उत्तर के वृत्त को पेन से भरकर काला करना है जैसा कि नीचे दिखाया गया है।

उदाहरण: (1) (2) ■ (4) जबिक (3) सही उत्तर है।

- प्रश्नों के उत्तर केवल प्रश्न पस्तिका के अन्दर दिये गये OMR पत्रक पर ही अंकित करने हैं। यदि आप OMR पत्रक पर दिये गये वृत्त के अलावा किसी अन्य स्थान पर उत्तर चिन्हांकित करते हैं, तो उसका मूल्यांकन नहीं होगा।
- अन्दर दिये गये निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढें।
- कच्चा काम (Rough Work) इस पुस्तिका के अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर करें।
 - यदि आप OMR पत्रक पर नियत स्थान के अलावा अपना नाम, रोल नम्बर, फोन नम्बर या कोई भी ऐसा चिह्न जिससे आपकी पहचान हो सके, अंकित करते हैं अथवा अभद्र भाषा का प्रयोग करते हैं, या कोई अन्य अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग करते हैं, जैसे कि अंकित किये गये उत्तर को मिटाना या सफेद स्याही से बदलना तो परीक्षा के लिये अयोग्य घोषित किये जा सकते हैं।
- आपको परीक्षा समाप्त होने पर मूल OMR पत्रक निरीक्षक महोदय को लौटाना आवश्यक है और परीक्षा समाप्ति के बाद उसे अपने साथ परीक्षा भवन से बाहर न लेकर जायें। हालांकि आप परीक्षा समाप्ति पर मूल प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR पत्रक की डुप्लीकेट प्रति अपने साथ ले जा सकते हैं।
- 10. केवल नीले/काले बाल प्वाईंट पेन का ही इस्तेमाल करें।
- 11. किसी भी प्रकार का संगणक (कैलकुलेटर) या लाग टेबल आदि का प्रयोग वर्जित है।
- 12. गलत उत्तरों के लिए कोई नकारात्मक अंक नहीं हैं।
- 13. यदि अंग्रेजी या हिंदी विवरण में कोई विसंगति हो, तो अंग्रेजी विवरण अंतिम माना जाएगा।

D-5015 1 P.T.O.



INDIAN CULTURE PAPER - III

Note: This paper contains **seventy five (75)** objective type questions of **two (2)** marks each. **All** questions are **compulsory**.

Which of the following mesolithic sites has yielded the extensive evidence of huts?

| 2. The earliest archaeological evidence for silk in India comes from: (1) Ahar (2) Navdatoli (3) Nevasa (4) Prakash 3. Which of the following Harappan sites have yielded evidence of large popularity of Mother goddess? (a) Harappa (b) Mohenjodaro (c) Kalibangan (d) Ropar Choose the correct answer from the code below: (1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (c) and (d) (4) (a) and (d) 4. Which of the following is the most extensive Harappan sites? (1) Banawali (2) Kalibangan (3) Lothal (4) Rakhigarhi 5. Which of the following books of the Rigveda contains the mantras of the seers of Vasishth family? (1) Book III (2) Book V (3) Book VII (4) Book VIII 6. During the time of Vedic Sutras which of the following rituals was intended to secure good luck to maiden in marriage? (1) Rudrabali (2) Rudrayaga (3) Sitayajna (4) Sulagava 7. The Gautama Dharmasutra lays down hightest punishment for the crime of theft to: (1) Brahmana (2) Kshatriya (3) Vaisya (4) Sudra 8. Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. (4) (A) is false but (R) is true. | | (1) | Baghai Khor | (2) | Birbhanpur | (3) | Chopni Mando | (4) | Lekhania |
|--|----|--|---|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Mother goddess? (a) Harappa (b) Mohenjodaro (c) Kalibangan (d) Ropar Choose the correct answer from the code below: (1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (c) and (d) (4) (a) and (d) 4. Which of the following is the most extensive Harappan sites? (1) Banawali (2) Kalibangan (3) Lothal (4) Rakhigarhi 5. Which of the following books of the Rigveda contains the mantras of the seers of Vasishth family? (1) Book III (2) Book V (3) Book VII (4) Book VIII 6. During the time of Vedic Sutras which of the following rituals was intended to secure good luck to maiden in marriage? (1) Rudrabali (2) Rudrayaga (3) Sitayajna (4) Sulagava 7. The Gautama Dharmasutra lays down hightest punishment for the crime of theft to: (1) Brahmana (2) Kshatriya (3) Vaisya (4) Sudra 8. Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. | 2. | | , | 0 | | | | (4) | Prakash |
| (1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (c) and (d) (4) (a) and (d) 4. Which of the following is the most extensive Harappan sites? (1) Banawali (2) Kalibangan (3) Lothal (4) Rakhigarhi 5. Which of the following books of the Rigveda contains the mantras of the seers of Vasishth family? (1) Book III (2) Book V (3) Book VII (4) Book VIII 6. During the time of Vedic Sutras which of the following rituals was intended to secure good luck to maiden in marriage? (1) Rudrabali (2) Rudrayaga (3) Sitayajna (4) Sulagava 7. The Gautama Dharmasutra lays down hightest punishment for the crime of theft to: (1) Brahmana (2) Kshatriya (3) Vaisya (4) Sudra 8. Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. | 3. | Which Moth (a) (b) (c) (d) | ch of the followiner goddess? Harappa Mohenjodaro Kalibangan Ropar | ing H | Iarappan sites h | ave y | | ` ' | |
| Which of the following is the most extensive Harappan sites? (1) Banawali (2) Kalibangan (3) Lothal (4) Rakhigarhi Which of the following books of the Rigveda contains the mantras of the seers of Vasishth family? (1) Book III (2) Book V (3) Book VII (4) Book VIII During the time of Vedic Sutras which of the following rituals was intended to secure good luck to maiden in marriage? | | | | | | | (c) and (d) | (4) | (a) and (d) |
| (1) Banawali (2) Kalibangan (3) Lothal (4) Rakhigarhi Which of the following books of the Rigveda contains the mantras of the seers of Vasishth family? Book III (2) Book V (3) Book VII (4) Book VIII During the time of Vedic Sutras which of the following rituals was intended to secure good luck to maiden in marriage? | | (1) | (a) and (b) | (2) | (b) and (c) | (3) | (c) and (d) | (4) | (a) and (d) |
| family? (1) Book III (2) Book V (3) Book VII (4) Book VIII 6. During the time of Vedic Sutras which of the following rituals was intended to secure good luck to maiden in marriage? (1) Rudrabali (2) Rudrayaga (3) Sitayajna (4) Sulagava 7. The Gautama Dharmasutra lays down hightest punishment for the crime of theft to: (1) Brahmana (2) Kshatriya (3) Vaisya (4) Sudra 8. Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. | 4. | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | _ | | | • • | (4) | Rakhigarhi |
| During the time of Vedic Sutras which of the following rituals was intended to secure good luck to maiden in marriage? Rudrabali Rudrayaga Sitayajna Sulagava The Gautama Dharmasutra lays down hightest punishment for the crime of theft to: Brahmana Kshatriya Vaisya Sudra Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A) Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R) Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). | 5. | | | g boo | ks of the Rigveda | conta | ains the mantras | of the | seers of Vasishtha |
| luck to maiden in marriage? (1) Rudrabali (2) Rudrayaga (3) Sitayajna (4) Sulagava 7. The Gautama Dharmasutra lays down hightest punishment for the crime of theft to: (1) Brahmana (2) Kshatriya (3) Vaisya (4) Sudra 8. Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. | | (1) | Book III | (2) | Book V | (3) | Book VII | (4) | Book VIII |
| Rudrabali (2) Rudrayaga (3) Sitayajna (4) Sulagava The Gautama Dharmasutra lays down hightest punishment for the crime of theft to: Brahmana (2) Kshatriya (3) Vaisya (4) Sudra Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). | 6. | | 0 | | | follo | wing rituals was | intenc | led to secure good |
| (1) Brahmana (2) Kshatriya (3) Vaisya (4) Sudra 8. Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. | | | | _ | | (3) | Sitayajna | (4) | Sulagava |
| Below are given two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other a Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. | 7. | The | Gautama Dharma | sutra | lays down highte | est pu | nishment for the | crime | of theft to: |
| Reason (R): Assertion (A): Sakyas had built a Stupa on the relics of Gautama Buddha. Reason (R): Sakyas had got a share in the relics of Gautama Buddha after h funeral ceremony. In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct? (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (3) (A) is true but (R) is false. | | (1) | Brahmana | (2) | Kshatriya | (3) | Vaisya | (4) | Sudra |
| | 8. | Reas Asse Reas In th (1) (2) (3) | con (R): crtion (A): con (R): ce context of the a Both (A) and (R) Both (A) and (R) (A) is true but (R) | Saky Saky fune bove are t are t | ras had built a Sturas had got a sharal ceremony. two statements we true and (R) is the true, but (R) is not alse. | apa or are in which o | n the relics of Gau the relics of Gau of the following i ect explanation o | utama utama s corr f (A) . | Buddha. Buddha after his ect ? |

2

D-5015

1.

भारतीय संस्कृति प्रश्नपत्र - III

निर्देश: इस प्रश्नपत्र में पचहत्तर (75) बहु-विकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के दो (2) अंक हैं। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।

| 1. | निम्नलिखित में किस मध्यपाषाणिक स्थल से झोपड़ियों का विस्तृत साक्ष्य मिला है? | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|---|----------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | (1) | बघाई खोर | (2) | बीरभानपुर | (3) | चोपनी मांडो | (4) | लेखनिया | | | |
| 2. | भारत | में रेशम का प्राचीनतग | म पुरात | क्तिक साक्ष्य कहाँ से 1 | मिला है | ? | | | | | |
| | (1) | आहड् | (2) | नावदाटोली | (3) | नेवासा | (4) | प्रकाश | | | |
| 3. | हड़प्प | ा संस्कृति के किस न <u>ि</u> | म्नलिरि | व्रत स्थल से मातृदेवी व | क्री व्याप | पक लोकप्रियता का सा | १ ६य प्राप | त हुआ है? | | | |
| | (a) | हड़प्पा | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | मोहेनजोदाड़ो | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | कालीबंगा | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | ्रोपड़ के बन से मरी क्या | | - | | | | | | | |
| | नाच (1) | के कूट से सही उत्तर । (a) एवं (b) | | न का।जए : (b) एवं (c) | (3) | (c) एवं (d) | (4) | (a) एवं (d) | | | |
| | . , | | , , | . , , , , | | | ` ' | | | | |
| 4. | | | | विस्तृत हड्प्पीय स्थल | | | | 0 0 | | | |
| | (1) | बनावली | (2) | कालीबंगा | (3) | लोथल | (4) | राखीगढ़ी | | | |
| 5. | ऋग्वेर | द के निम्नलिखित कि | स मंडल | त में वसिष्ठ कुल के उ | ऋषियों | के मंत्र हैं? | | | | | |
| | (1) | मंडल III | (2) | मंडल V | (3) | मंडल VII | (4) | मंडल VIII | | | |
| 6. | वैदिव | न सूत्रों के काल में निग | म्नलिखि | वत में से कौन सा अनुप | छान वि | ावाह में कन्या के सौभ | ाग्य के | लिए अभीष्ट था? | | | |
| | (1) | रुद्रबलि | (2) | रुद्रयाग | (3) | सीतायज्ञ | (4) | शूलगव | | | |
| 7. | गौतम | धर्मसूत्र ने चोरी के उ | नपराध : | में किसके लिए सर्वाधि | ग्रक दंड | का विधान किया है? | | | | | |
| | (1) | ब्राह्मण | (2) | क्षत्रिय | (3) | वैश्य | (4) | शूद्र | | | |
| 8. | नीचे ' | दो वक्तव्य दिये गये हैं | । एक | को कथन (A) तथा व | इसरे को | ो कारण (R) कहा गय | ग्रा है : | | | | |
| | | | | | | स्तूप का निर्माण किया | | | | | |
| | कारप | ग (R) : शाक्य | ों को गं | ौतम बुद्ध की अन्त्येष्टि | के बाद | उनकी धातुओं में हिस | सा मिल | ॥ था। | | | |
| | उपर्युव | ऋत दोनों वक्तव्यों के स | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | | | तथा (A) की सही व्य | | * | | | | | |
| | (2) | | | किन्तु (A) की सही व | याख्या | (R) नहीं है। | | | | | |
| | (3) | (A) सही है किन्तु । | | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | (A) गलत है किन्तु | | हा ह । | | | | | | | |
| D-50 | 15 | | | 3 | | | | Paper-II | | | |

| 9. | The (1) | famous physiciar Agnivesa | of M (2) | - | ring th | ne tim (3) | | Buddha (4) | was : Vagbhata |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------------------|------------|---------------|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| 10. | Whe | ere did Gautama Nalanda | Buddh (2) | na spent his Rajagriha | | ainy s (3) | season ? Vaisali | (4) | Sravasti |
| 11. | (a) (b) (c) (d) | ch of the followir Sarnath Pillar Sanchi Pillar Lauriya Nandar Kolhua Pillar ct the correct ans (a) and (b) only (b), (c) and (d) | ngarh wer fr | Pillar | | w : (a) a | capital ? and (c) only (b), (c) and (d) | | |
| 12. | | o among the follora ra Vivaha ? | owing | | | adies | was married a | nccording | g to the custom of |
| | (1) | Draupadi | (2) | Gandhari | | (3) | Madri | (4) | Kunti |
| 13. | | ch of the follow rate ? Aitareya Brahn Mahabharata | Ü | ncient texts | (2) (4) | Div | examples of l yavadana nayana | Polygam | y, Polyandry and |
| 14. | Whi | ch of the ancient Korkai | ports (2) | was situate Puhar | d on t | the m | outh of the riv Saliyur | er Tamra (4) | parni ? Tondi |
| 15. | Wh (1) (3) | o wrote Madura Avur Mulangila Mangudi Maru | ar | i ? | (2) (4) | | ladanar kirar | | |
| 16 . | Whi (1) | ch of the followin Ajanta | | c-cut Chaity Bhaja | a halls | s of W (3) | Vestern India is Karle | consider (4) | red as the earliest ? Kondane |
| 17. | | ere did Upasika B of the Theravadir Bodhagaya Sanchi | | | | ? Sarı | griha enshrinir nath garjunakonda | ıg a Stup | a for the exclusive |
| 18. | | inscription from sowing is its corres A.D. 211 | | ng year ? | in the | e year (3) | : 154 of Kumar A.D. 394 | ragupta. (4) | Which among the A.D. 473 |
| 19. | Whi (1) | ch one of the follo Himalaya | owing (2) | does not f Vindhya | igure | in the | e Puranic list o Pariyatra | f the Kul | aparvatas ? Mahendra |
| D-50 | 015 | | | | 4 | | | | Paper-III |

| 9. | गौतम | बुद्ध के समय मगध व | का प्रसि | द्ध चिकित्सक | कौन थ | т? | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| | (1) | अग्निवेश | (2) | कश्यप | | (3) | जीवक | (4) | वाग्भट |
| 10. | बुद्ध ने | अपना अन्तिम वर्षाव | ास कह | ौँ बिताया ? | | | | | |
| | (1) | नालन्दा | (2) | राजगृह | | (3) | वैशाली | (4) | श्रावस्ती |
| 11. | (a) (b) (c) (d) fl च वे | तिखत मौर्य स्तम्भों में सारनाथ स्तम्भ साँची स्तम्भ लौरिया नन्दनगढ़ स्तम्भ कोल्हुआ स्तम्भ क कूट से सही उत्तर व केवल (a) और (b) | г भ | | ા થે? | केवल | ์ (a) एवं (c) | | |
| | (3) | (b), (c) एवं (d) | | | (4) | (a), (| b), (c) एवं (d) | | |
| 12. | (1) | रत की निम्नलिखित म द्रौपदी | (2) | गन्धारी | | (3) | माद्री | (4) | कुन्ती |
| 13. | | नेम्नलिखित प्राचीन ग्रं | | | गतित्व ए | | | | |
| | (1) | ऐतरेय ब्राह्मण | (2) | दिव्यावदान | | (3) | महाभारत | (4) | रामायण |
| 14. | निम्नि | नखित में से कौन सा | प्राचीन ' | पत्तन ताम्रपर्णी | नदी के | मुहाने | पर स्थित था? | | |
| | (1) | कोरकै | (2) | पुहार | | (3) | शालियूर | (4) | तोंडी |
| 15. | मदुरैव | कांजि की रचना किस | गने की व | ? | | | | | |
| | (1) | आवूर मूलांगिलार | (2) | कल्लाडनार | | (3) | मांगुडि मरुदन | (4) | नक्कीरर |
| 16 . | पश्चिम | । भारत के निम्नलिखि | ात शैल | कृत चैत्यगृहों मे | में किसे | सबसे ' | पहले का माना जाता | है ? | |
| | | अजन्ता | (2) | | | | कार्ले | (4) | कोंडाने |
| 17. | उपासि | का बोधिसिरि ने कहाँ | पर श्रीत | नंका के थेरवाद | री आचा | र्यों के | लिए स्तूपयुक्त एक नं | वैत्यगृह व | न ना निर्माण करवाया था ? |
| | (1) | बोधगया | | सारनाथ | | | साँची | _ | |
| 18. | सारना | थ से प्राप्त एक अभिले | खि की | तिथि है कुमारग् | ाुप्त का | वर्ष 15 | ६४। निम्नलिखित में | से कौन र | उसका समनुरूप वर्ष है ? |
| | (1) | ई. 211 | (2) | ई. 232 | | (3) | ई. 394 | (4) | ई. 473 |
| 19. | निम्नि | तखित में से कौन पौरा | ाणिक वृ | फ़्लपर्वतों की स | पूची में | सम्मिति | नत नहीं है? | | |
| | (1) | हिमालय | (2) | , विन्ध्य | -1 | (3) | पारियात्र | (4) | महेन्द्र |
| D-50 | 15 | | | | 5 | | | | Paper-III |

| 20. | | among the follow | wing v | wrote comn | nentar | y on | the Manusmriti | ? | |
|------|------------|--------------------------------------|--------|----------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|
| | (a) | Apararka Kulluka Bhatta | | | | | | | |
| | (b) (c) | Medhatithi | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Vijnanesvara | | | | | | | |
| | ` ' | et the correct answ | ver fr | om the code | e belo | w: | | | |
| | (1) | (a) and (b) | | | (2) | | and (c) | | |
| | (3) | (c) and (d) | | | (4) | . , | (b) and (c) | | |
| 21. | Whic | ch one of the follo | owing | pairs is no t | t corre | ectly 1 | matched ? | | |
| | (1) | Ballalasena - Da | anasag | gara | (2) | Bho | ja - Samarangan | a Sutra | adhara |
| | (3) | Harsha - Saund | arana | nda | (4) | Som | esvara III - Man | asollas | a |
| 22. | | die after ones bel | | | | | | - | e foolish". Such a |
| | (1) | Manu | (2) | Kalidasa | | (3) | Banabhatta | (4) | Devanabhatta |
| 23. | | among the fol | lowir | ig was the | scul | ptor | of the Colossa | l Parir | nirvana image of |
| | (1) | Dinna | (2) | Haribala | | (3) | Jayagupta | (4) | Suvira |
| 24. | The | earliest Jain bronz | zes we | ere discover | ed fro | m : | | | |
| | (1) | Chausa | (2) | Mathura | | (3) | Nalanda | (4) | Sravana Belgola |
| 25. | The | Kalki incarnation | of Vis | shnu is repi | resente | ed in | art as : | | |
| | (1) | killing Narakası | ıra | | (2) | hurl | ing Sudarsana C | Chakra | |
| | (3) | preaching seers | | | (4) | ridir | ng a horse | | |
| 26. | Who | among the follow | wing v | writers calle | ed him | self ' | Kalikala - Valmil | κi′ ? | |
| | (1) | Kalidasa | | | (2) | | vabhuti | | |
| | (3) | Rajasekhara | | | (4) | Sand | dhyakara Nandi | n | |
| 27. | Whic | ch one of the follo | wing | plays is pa | rtly pı | eserv | red in a stone ins | criptio | n at Ajmer ? |
| | (1) | Karpuramanjar | | | (2) | | ta Vigraharaja N | Iataka | |
| | (3) | Mattavilasa Pra | hasan | a | (4) | Ratr | navali | | |
| 28. | | ference to parents irst time in : | consu | ılting an ast | trologe | er for | the marriage of | their da | aughters occurs for |
| | (1) | Buddhacharita d | of Asv | aghosha | (2) | Mala | avikagnimitra of | Kalida | asa |
| | (3) | Pratima nataka | of Bha | asa | (4) | Dasa | akumaracharita | of Dan | idin |
| D-50 | 15 | | | | 6 | | | | Paper-III |

| | (a) | अपरार्क | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| | (b) | कुल्लूक भट्ट | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | मेधातिथि | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | विज्ञानेश्वर | | | | | | | | |
| | नीचे ' | के कूट से सही उत्त | ार का चय | न कीजिये : | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) एवं (b) | | | (2) | (b) ^T | खं (c) | | | |
| | (3) | (c) एवं (d) | | | (4) | (a), | (b) एवं (c) | | | |
| 21. | निम्नी | लिखित में से कौन | सा युग्म स | ाही सुमेलित न | हीं है ? | | | | | |
| | (1) | बल्लालसेन - दा | नसागर | | (2) | भोज | - समरांगणसूत्रध | गर | | |
| | (3) | हर्ष - सौन्दरानन्द | | | (4) | सोमेश | वर III - मानसो | ल्लास | | |
| 22. | ''अप | ाने प्रिय के मरने प | ार मृत्यु क |) जो अंगीकार क | र लेना | कोई प | न्न नहीं देता; म् | र्ख इस प्रथा | का पालन कर | रता है'' |
| | | रण प्रथा का इस प्र | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | मनु | (2) | कालिदास | | (3) | बाणभट्ट | (4) | देवणभट्ट | |
| 23. | कशीन | नगर की विशाल पी | रेनिर्वाण प्र | तिमा का शिल | पी निम्न | लिखित | में से कौन था? | | | |
| | | दिन्न | | हरिबल | | (3) | | | सुवीर | |
| | , , | | | | | ` ' | - | . , | - | |
| 24. | | नतम जैन कांस्य मूर् | | | | | | | , , | |
| | (1) | चौसा | (2) | मथुरा | | (3) | नालन्दा | (4) | श्रवण बेलगोव | ला |
| 25. | कला | में विष्णु के कर्ल्क | ो अवतार | को किस तरह | प्रस्तुत व | करते हैं | ? | | | |
| | (1) | नरकासुर को मार | ते हुए | | (2) | सुदर्श | न चक्र फेकते हु | ए | | |
| | (3) | ऋषियों को उपदेश | श करते हु | र | (4) | घोड़े | पर बैठे हुए | | | |
| 26. | निम्नी | लिखित लेखकों में | से किसने | स्वयं को 'कि | लकाल- | वाल्मी | के' कहा है ? | | | |
| | | _ | | | | भवभृ | _ | | | |
| | (3) | राजशेखर | | | (4) | | कर नन्दिन् | | | |
| 27. | निम्नी | लिखित में से कौन | सा रूपक | अजमेर के एव | क्र अभिव | लेख में | अंशत: सरक्षित | है ? | | |
| | (1) | कर्पूरमंजरी | | , | (2) | | त विग्रहराज नाट [्] | | | |
| | (3) | मत्तविलास प्रहसन | 1 | | (4) | | | | | |
| 28. | अपर्न | ो कन्या के विवाह ह | हेत माता–ि | पेता द्वारा दैवन | । से परा | मर्श कर | ने का संदर्भ पहर | नी बार कहाँ | मिलता है ? | |
| | (1) | . अश्वघोष कृत बु | | OLV. 4.16 | | | ादास कृत मालवि | | | |
| | ` / | भास कृत प्रतिमा | | | ` ' | | कृत दशकुमारची | | | |
| | | | | | ` / | | - | | | |
| D-50 | 15 | | | | 7 | | | | Pa | per-III |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

20. मनुस्मृति पर निम्नलिखित में से किसने टीका लिखी?

| 15 | | | 8 | | | | | | | | Paper-III | |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| (1) (2) (3) (4) | (i) (ii) (ii) (iii) (iii) (iv) (iv) (i) | (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) | (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) | | | | | | | | | |
| Code | e : (a) (b) | (c) | (d) | | | | | | | | | |
| ` ' | | hu | | (iv) | Vaish | nnavis | sm | | | | | |
| (c) | | | | (iii) | | | | | | | | |
| (b) | Lakulisa | | | (ii) | - | | | | | | | |
| (a) | Umasvati | | | (i) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| nsts: | | | | | List - | П | | | | | | |
| | | vith L | ist - I | I and | select | the c | orrec | t answer | from th | ne cod | e given l | pelow the |
| | tioned in th Shore tem | e Nat ple of | yasast Mam | ra of l allapu | Bharat | a hav | e bee Kaila | n represe asanatha | ented ? temple | of Kaı | nchi | ce poses) |
| (a) (b) (c) (d) | Chausatha Brahma te Lakshman Kandaria et the correc | mple a tem Mahad t ansv | ple deva t wer fro | temple | e code | | w: (3) | (a), (b) | and (c) | (4) | (b), (c) a | and (d) |
| | | ollow | ing K | hajur | aho te | emple | es are | made p | partly of | f gran | ite and | partly of |
| (3) | Jagannath | a tem | ple | | | (4) | Vaita | al Deul te | emple | | | |
| Whic | Lingaraja | templ | e | ssan te | emples | (2) | Para | suramesv | ara tem | | ? | |
| | Udyotakesa Ananta Va | ari ? asudev | va ten | | Calsin | (2) (4) | Brah | mesvara | temple | riotrici | of the Sc | ina varrior |
| , | | owing | , , | | | a was | , , | | | , , | C | |
| his c | apital there | | J | | | ruler | | • | | - | | |
| (1) (3) | Dharmapa Karna | ala | | | | (2) (4) | | geyadeva ıviraja C | | | | |
| | (3) Who his c (1) Whicking (1) (3) Whicking (1) (6) (6) (7) Whicking (1) (1) (8) Whicking (1) (1) (9) Whicking (1) (1) (1) (1) (2) (3) | Who among the his capital there (1) Krishna I Which of the folking Udyotakes (1) Ananta Va (3) Muktesvar Which of the fol (1) Lingaraja (3) Jagannath Which of the fol (1) Lingaraja (3) Jagannath Which of the fol (2) Lakshman (3) Brahma te (4) Chausatha (5) Brahma te (5) Lakshman (6) Kandaria Select the correct (1) (a) and (b) In the art of wimentioned in the (1) Shore tem (3) Kailasa ter Match List - I valists: List - I (Acharya) (a) Umasvati (b) Lakulisa (c) Nathamur (d) Vasuband Code: (a) (b) (1) (i) (ii) (2) (ii) (iii) (3) (iii) (iv) (4) (iv) (i) | Who among the following king Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasuder (3) Muktesvara tem Which of the following king Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasuder (3) Muktesvara tem Which of the following (1) Lingaraja temple (3) Jagannatha tem Which of the follow sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogin (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana tem (d) Kandaria Mahara Select the correct answ (1) (a) and (b) In the art of which comentioned in the Nat (1) Shore temple of (3) Kailasa temple of (3) Kailasa temple of (3) Kailasa temple of (4) Umasvati (5) Lakulisa (6) Nathamuni (7) Vasubandhu Code: (8) (9) (c) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (4) (iv) (i) (ii) | Who among the following his capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Which of the following tempking Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva tem (3) Muktesvara temple Which of the following Oris (1) Lingaraja temple (3) Jagannatha temple Which of the following K sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini tem (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva to Select the correct answer from (1) (a) and (b) (2) In the art of which of the mentioned in the Natyasast (1) Shore temple of Mamm (3) Kailasa temple of Ellowatch List - I with List - I lists: List - I (Acharya) (a) Umasvati (b) Lakulisa (c) Nathamuni (d) Vasubandhu Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iii) (iv) (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (iii) | Who among the following Rashts his capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhru Which of the following temples of king Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (3) Muktesvara temple Which of the following Orissan to the following Orissan to the following Orissan to the following Chapter (3) Jagannatha temple Which of the following Khajur sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the theory of the following Chapter (1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and the interpretation of the following Khajur sandstone? (a) The following Chapter (b) Brahma temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the following Khajur sandstone? (a) The following Chapter (b) Brahma temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the following | Who among the following Rashtrakuta his capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhruva Which of the following temples of Odish king Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (3) Muktesvara temple Which of the following Orissan temples (1) Lingaraja temple (3) Jagannatha temple Which of the following Khajuraho to sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the code (1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and (d) In the art of which of the following temptioned in the Natyasastra of Bharate (1) Shore temple of Mamallapuram (3) Kailasa temple of Ellora Match List - I with List - II and select lists: List - I (Acharya) (Reliication) Match List - I with List - II in displaced (ii) Jainis (c) Nathamuni (iii) Saivis (d) Vasubandhu (iv) Vaish Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (iii) | Who among the following Rashtrakuta ruler his capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhruva Which of the following temples of Odisha was king Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (2) (3) Muktesvara temple (4) Which of the following Orissan temples is ar (1) Lingaraja temple (2) (3) Jagannatha temple (4) Which of the following Khajuraho temples sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the code below (1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and (d) In the art of which of the following templementioned in the Natyasastra of Bharata hav (1) Shore temple of Mamallapuram (2) (3) Kailasa temple of Ellora (4) Match List - I with List - II and select the clists: List - I (Acharya) (Religion) (a) Umasvati (i) Buddhism (b) Lakulisa (ii) Jainism (c) Nathamuni (iii) Saivism (d) Vasubandhu (iv) Vaishnavis (code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (iii) | Who among the following Rashtrakuta rulers built his capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhruva (3) Which of the following temples of Odisha was built king Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (2) Brah (3) Muktesvara temple (4) Rajan (4) Which of the following Orissan temples is an exam (1) Lingaraja temple (2) Para (3) Jagannatha temple (4) Vaita (4) Which of the following Khajuraho temples are sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the code below: (1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and (d) (3) In the art of which of the following temples, a mentioned in the Natyasastra of Bharata have bee (1) Shore temple of Mamallapuram (2) Kaila (3) Kailasa temple of Ellora (4) Briha (4) Briha (5) Lakulisa (ii) Jainism (5) Lakulisa (iii) Jainism (6) Lakulisa (iii) Jainism (6) Nathamuni (iiii) Saivism (d) Vasubandhu (iv) Vaishnavism (5) Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (iii) | Who among the following Rashtrakuta rulers built the city his capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhruva (3) Govinda Which of the following temples of Odisha was built by Koladking Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (2) Brahmesvara (3) Muktesvara temple (4) Rajarani temple Which of the following Orissan temples is an example of K (1) Lingaraja temple (2) Parasuramesv (3) Jagannatha temple (4) Vaital Deul to Which of the following Khajuraho temples are made properties and temple (5) Brahma temple (6) Lakshmana temple (7) Chausatha yogini temple (8) Brahma temple (9) Kandaria Mahadeva temple (1) Kandaria Mahadeva temple (2) Co and (3) (3) (4), (b) and (4) (5) (6) (7) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (7) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9 | (3) Karna (4) Prithviraja Chauhan Who among the following Rashtrakuta rulers built the city of Manhis capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhruva (3) Govinda III Which of the following temples of Odisha was built by Koladevi, the rking Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (2) Brahmesvara temple (3) Muktesvara temple (4) Rajarani temple Which of the following Orissan temples is an example of Khakhara (1) Lingaraja temple (2) Parasuramesvara tem (3) Jagannatha temple (4) Vaital Deul temple Which of the following Khajuraho temples are made partly of sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the code below: (1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and (d) (3) (a), (b) and (c) In the art of which of the following temples, a large number of mentioned in the Natyasastra of Bharata have been represented? (1) Shore temple of Mamallapuram (2) Kailasanatha temple (3) Kailasa temple of Ellora (4) Brihadisvara temple of Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer from the lists: List - I List - II (Acharya) (Religion) (a) Umasvati (i) Buddhism (b) Lakulisa (ii) Jainism (c) Nathamuni (iii) Saivism (d) Vasubandhu (iv) Vaishnavism Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) | (3) Karna (4) Prithviraja Chauhan Who among the following Rashtrakuta rulers built the city of Manyakhe his capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhruva (3) Govinda III (4) Which of the following temples of Odisha was built by Koladevi, the mother king Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (2) Brahmesvara temple (3) Muktesvara temple (4) Rajarani temple Which of the following Orissan temples is an example of Khakhara type (1) Lingaraja temple (2) Parasuramesvara temple (3) Jagannatha temple (4) Vaital Deul temple Which of the following Khajuraho temples are made partly of gransandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the code below: (1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and (d) (3) (a), (b) and (c) (4) In the art of which of the following temples, a large number of Karamentioned in the Natyasastra of Bharata have been represented? (1) Shore temple of Mamallapuram (2) Kailasanatha temple of Karamentioned in the Natyasastra of Bharata have been represented? (1) Shore temple of Ellora (4) Brihadisvara temple of Tha Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer from the code lists: List - I (Acharya) (Religion) (a) Umasvati (i) Buddhism (b) Lakulisa (ii) Jainism (c) Nathamuni (ii) Saivism (d) Vasubandhu (iv) Vaishnavism Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (iii) (4) (iv) (i) (iii) (ivi) (5) (iii) (ivi) (iii) (6) (iiii) (ivi) (iii) (7) (iiii) (ivi) (iii) (8) (iiii) (ivi) (iii) (9) (iiii) (ivi) (iii) (1) (iiii) (ivi) (iiii) (1) (iiii) (ivi) (iiii) (2) (iii) (iiii) (ivi) (iiii) | (4) Prithviraja Chauhan Who among the following Rashtrakuta rulers built the city of Manyakheta and eshis capital there? (1) Krishna I (2) Dhruva (3) Govinda III (4) Amogh Which of the following temples of Odisha was built by Koladevi, the mother of the Scking Udyotakesari? (1) Ananta Vasudeva temple (2) Brahmesvara temple (3) Muktesvara temple (4) Rajarani temple Which of the following Orissan temples is an example of Khakhara type? (1) Lingaraja temple (2) Parasuramesvara temple (3) Jagannatha temple (4) Vaital Deul temple Which of the following Khajuraho temples are made partly of granite and sandstone? (a) Chausatha yogini temple (b) Brahma temple (c) Lakshmana temple (d) Kandaria Mahadeva temple Select the correct answer from the code below: (1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and (d) (3) (a), (b) and (c) (4) (b), (c) and (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d |

The Huna princess Avalladevi was a queen of :

29.

| 29. | हूण रा | जकुमारी आवल्ल | नदेवी किसर्क | ो रानी थी? | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| | (1) | धर्मपाल | (2) | गांगेयदेव | | (3) | कर्ण | (4) | पृथ्वीराज चौहान |
| 30. | निम्नि | लेखित राष्ट्रकूट र | राजाओं में से | किसने मान्यखे | टि नगर | बसाया | और वहाँ अपनी र | ाजधानी स | थापित की ? |
| | (1) | कृष्ण I | (2) | ध्रुव | | (3) | गोविन्द III | (4) | अमोघवर्ष |
| 31. | सोमवं | शी राजा उद्योतके | सरी की मात | । कोलादेवी ने | उड़ीशा | के किर | न निम्नलिखित मनि | दर का नि | र्माण किया था? |
| | (1) | अनन्त वासुदेव | मन्दिर | | (2) | ब्रह्मेश्व | ार मन्दिर | | |
| | (3) | मुक्तेश्वर मन्दिर | ţ | | (4) | राजारा | नी मन्दिर | | |
| 32. | उड़ीशा | । के निम्नलिखित | । मन्दिरों में व | ठौन खाखरा प्रव | कार के | मन्दिर व | का उदाहरण है ? | | |
| | (1) | लिंगराज मन्दिर | | | (2) | परशुरा | मेश्वर मन्दिर | | |
| | (3) | जगन्नाथ मन्दिर | | | (4) | वैताल | देउल मन्दिर | | |
| 33. | खजुरा | हो के निम्नलिखि | ात मन्दिरों में | कौन अंशत: व | मशाण्त | (ग्रेनाइव | ट) और अंशत: बा | लुकाश्म (| सैंडस्टोन) के बने हैं? |
| | (a) | चौसठ योगिनी | | | | | | | |
| | ` ' | ब्रह्मा मन्दिर | | | | | | | |
| | • • | लक्ष्मण मन्दिर | | | | | | | |
| | ` ' | कन्दारिया महादे | व मन्दिर | | | | | | |
| | ` / | के कूट से सही उ | | कीजिए : | | | | | |
| | (1) | (a) एवं (b) | | _ | | (3) | (a), (b) एवं (c) | (4) | (b), (c) एवं (d) |
| 34. | निम्नि | लखित में से किस | प्र मन्दिर की र | कला में भरत वे | के नाटय | ाशास्त्र मे | ों वर्णित बहसंख्यक | करणों (| नृत्यमुद्राओं) का प्रदर्शन |
| | हुआ है | | | | | | | | ¿ |
| | (1) | मामल्लपुरम का | ा तटीय मन्दि | र | (2) | काँची | का कैलासनाथ मनि | दर | |
| | (3) | एलोरा का कैला | | | (4) | | र का बृहदीश्वर मि | | |
| 35. | सची | - । को सन्त्री - । | ा से समेलित | कीजिये तथा | सचियों | के नीचे | ो दिये कूट से सही | उत्तर का | चयन कीजिये : |
| | • | सूची - I | _ | _ | | , ,, | | | |
| | | (आचार्य) | | (धर्म | | | | | |
| | (a) | उमास्वाति | | (i) बौद्ध ध | | | | | |
| | (b) | लकुलीश | | (ii) जैनधम | | | | | |
| | (c) | नाथमुनि | | (iii) शैवधग | | | | | |
| | (d) | वसुबन्धु | | (iv) वैष्णव | | | | | |
| | ्व कूट : | | | (11) | | | | | |
| | 6 | | (c) (d) | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (i) (ii) (| (iii) (iv) | | | | | | |
| | (2) | | (iv) (i) | | | | | | |
| | (3) (4) | | (i) (ii) (ii) (iii) | | | | | | |
| D-50 | 15 | | | | 9 | | | | Paper-III |
| | | | | | , | | | | I apci-iii |

| | | | | | ` ' | | rvaka | (, | 3) | Jainis | 5111 | | (| 4) | Veda | aritu | |
|-------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|--------|--------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|
| 37. | | amo: avad | | e follo | wing | bold | ly stoc | d by th | e V | 'edic r | elig | ion a | nd c | ppp | osed t | he the | ory of |
| | (1) | Gau | dapad | da | (2) | Kur | narila | (3 | 3) | Ram | anu | ja | (| 4) | Yam | unach | arya |
| 38. | | | ong shada | | follov | ving | Rash | trakuta | k | ings | is : | know | n t | to | have | perfo | rmed |
| | (1) | Dan | tidurg | ga | (2) | Dhr | uva | (3 | 3) | Govi | nda | III | (| 4) | Amo | ghava | rsha |
| 39. | Who Guja | | ng the | e follo | wing | Chau | ılukya | rulers i | S Sá | aid to | hav | e forl | bidd | en | anima | l sacri | fice in |
| | (1) | Bhin | na | | (2) | Sido | dharaja | a (3 | 3) | Kum | ara | pala | (| 4) | Ajay | apala | |
| 40. | | w ar on (R | _ | en tw | o sta | iteme | ents, c | one labe | elle | ed as | Ass | ertio | n (2 | A) | and t | he otł | ner as |
| | Asse | rtion | (A) | : | Kalh | ana d | alls ki | ng Hars | ha | a Turı | ushk | ca. | | | | | |
| | Reas | on (F | ₹) | : | Hars | sha cc | nfisca | ted the t | em | ple trea | asuı | ed ar | ıd de | estr | oyed I | Deva ir | nages. |
| | | , | • | f the a | above | two s | statem | ents whi | ch | of the | foll | owing | g is c | corı | rect ? | | O |
| | (1) | Both | (A) a | nd (R |) are | true a | and (R |) is the c | orr | ect exp | plar | ation | of (| A). | | | |
| | (2) (3) | | (A) a | • | - | | but (R |) is not t | he | correc | t ex | plana | tion | of | (A). | | |
| | (4) | (A) i | is false | e, but | (R) is | true. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41. | Mato lists | | st - I v | vith L | ist - | II an | d selec | t the co | rred | c t ansv | wer | from | the | coc | le give | en belo | ow the |
| | | List | - I | | | | | List - I | I | | | | | | | | |
| | | (Wo | rks) | | | | | (Autho | rs) | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Rase | endrac | chuda | mani | | (i) | Bhaska | rac | harya | l | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Ratn | napari | ksha | | | (ii) | Bhoja | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Salih | notra | | | | (iii) | Buddh | аΣ | atta | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Sidd | lhanta | sirom | ani | | (iv) | Somad | eva | ı | | | | | | | |
| | Code | e : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D = 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

D-5015 Paper-III

| 36. | निम्नि | लेखित | मतों में | कौन स | ा मत पु | नर्जन्म | को नहीं मानत | ाथा? | | | |
|------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| | (1) | बौद्धध | ार्म | | (2) | चार्वाव | क | (3) | जैनधर्म | (4) | वेदान्त |
| 37. | निम्नरि | लेखित | में से वि | क्रसने वै | दिक ध | र्मकाः | दढ़ता से समर्थ | नि किय | । और शन्यवाद | ं के सिद्धान्त क | ज विरोध किया? |
| 07. | | _ | | II XI I | | _ | - ' | | | | _ |
| | (1) | गौडप | ાવ | | (2) | कुमान् | રલ | (3) | रामानुज | (4) | यामुनाचार्य |
| 38. | निम्नरि | लेखित | राष्ट्रकूट | ट राजाउ | गें में से | किसने | तुलापुरुषदान | का सम | पादन किया? | | |
| | (1) | दन्तिद् | र्ग | | (2) | ध्रुव | | (3) | गोविन्द III | (4) | अमोघवर्ष |
| 39. | ਜਿਸ਼ਰੀ | लेग्वित | चौलक्र | । गत्नाथ | ர் ப் கெ | ज्यके वि | जा कहा गया | टैकि उ | यने गजगत में | पशबन्ति को नि | निषद्ध कर दिया था? |
| 39. | | | पासुप | 1 (19119 | | _ | | | • | - | |
| | (1) | भीम | | | (2) | सिद्धर | ज | (3) | कुमारपाल | (4) | अजयपाल |
| 40. | नीचे व | दो वक्त | व्य दिये | गये हैं | । एक | को क श | थन (A) और | दूसरे को | ा कारण (R) | कहा गया है : | |
| | कथन | (A) | : | कल्हा | ग राजा | हर्ष को | तुरुष्क कहते | हैं। | | | |
| | कारण | T (R) | : | हर्ष ने | मन्दिर | की नि | ् धयों का अधि | ग्रहण क | र लिया और दे | देव मूर्तियों को | नष्ट किया। |
| | उपर्युव | त्त दोनों | वक्तव्र | | | | मही है ? | | | • | |
| | (1) | (A) 3 | भौर (R) | दोनों र | प्रही हैं र | तथा (A | \Lambda) की सही व्य | गाख्या (I | R) है। | | |
| | (2) | (A) 3 | भौर (R) | दोनों र | पही हैं 1 | किन्तु (| (A) की सही क | व्याख्या | (R) नहीं है। | | |
| | (3) | (A) ₹ | नहीं है ि | कन्तु (| R) गल | त है। | | | | | |
| | (4) | (A) ⁷ | ालत है | किन्तु | (R) सह | ही है। | | | | | |
| 41. | सन्ती | – । को | मची- | ा से | समेलित | । क्रीजि | ये तथा सचियं | ों के नीज | वे दिये गये कर | र से मही उत्तर | का चयन कीजिये : |
| 11. | 18,511 | सूची | • | 11 (| <i>y</i> | 1711 -1 | सूची - II | | 1141 11 20 | - (1 (1 61 - (1) | 101 3111 1011-111 |
| | | ्रू (कृति | | | | | (लेखक) | | | | |
| | (a) | | ्र चूड़ामपि | П | | (i) | भास्कराचार्य | | | | |
| | (b) | रत्नपर | | | | (ii) | भोज | | | | |
| | (c) | शालि | होत्र | | | (iii) | बुद्धदत्त | | | | |
| | (d) | सिद्धा | न्तशिरोग | मणि | | (iv) | सोमदेव | | | | |
| | कूट : | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | | | | | | |
| | (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | | | | | | |
| | (3) (4) | (iii) (iv) | (iv) (iii) | (i) (ii) | (ii) (i) | | | | | | |
| | \ * / | (* <i>V)</i> | (*** <i>)</i> | **/ | (* / | | | | | | |
| D-50 | 15 | | | | | | 11 | | | | Paper-II |

| 42. | Below are giv | en two | statements, | one | labelled | as | Assertion | (A) | and | the | other | as |
|-----|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------|------|-----------|----|------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|----|
| | Reason (R): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Δ ssertion (Δ) | | Vedic education | n wa | s encoura | ഹർ | hy the Cho | la ri | ilers | | | |

Assertion (A) : Vedic education was encouraged by the Chola rulers.

Reason (R) : A donor in the reign of Rajaraja II assigned certain lands for

maintenance of Brahmana students of Vedanta coming from the

Malayalam Country.

In the light of the above two statements, which one of the following is **correct**?

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (3) **(A)** is true, but **(R)** is false.
- (4) **(A)** is false, but **(R)** is true.
- **43.** The Sailendra ruler who completed the Chudamani Vihar started earlier by his father at Nagipatam was :
 - (1) Balaputradeva

(2) Maravijayottunga Varman

(3) Samaragravira

- (4) Trailokyaraja
- 44. Angkor Vat, the grandest monument in Cambodia was originally dedicated to :
 - (1) Buddha
- (2) Tara
- (3) Siva
- (4) Vishnu
- **45.** The Kuchian monk, who is considered the first to interpret Mahayana Buddhism in China, was:
 - (1) Jinagupta
- (2) Kumarajiva
- (3) Paramartha
- (4) Sanghabhuti
- **46.** Which one of the following statements is **not** correct about *mahzar* issued by Akbar in 1579 ?
 - (1) Shaikh Mubarak drafted the mahzar.
 - (2) It declared the rank of *sultan i Adil* (just-king) higher than *mujtahid* (interpreter of law).
 - (3) The document was signed by leading Ulama Shaikh Abdun Nabi and Makhdum ul Mulk
 - (4) Hakim ul Mulk and Sadr i -Jahan Mufti declared that their seals were obtained under duress.
- **47.** Under the patronage of the famous Sultan Zain-ul Abidin of Kashmir, Bhattavatara composed *Zaina Vilas* a history of Kashmir, on the model of :
 - (1) Firdausi's Shahnama

(2) Shrivara's Kathakautuka

(3) Amir Khusrau's *Ijaz - i - Khusravi*

- (4) Abdur Rahman's Sandesharasaka
- **48.** Consider the following pairs of astronomers and the rulers under whose patronage they flourished. Select the one which is **not** correctly matched :

Astronomer

Ruler

(1) Mahendra Suri

Firuz Shah Tughluq

(2) Fariduddin Munnajam Dehlavi

Humayun

(3) Mulla Chand

Akbar

(4) Mahmud Jaunpuri

Shahjahan

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| 42. | कथन | f (A) : ¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬ | वोल राजाओं राजराज II के | ने वैदिक शिक्षा | को प्रोत्साहन् एक दाता ने | | | द्मन्त के ब्राह्मण छात्रे | ों के |
|------------|--|---|---|--------------------|------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| | उपर्युव | फ्त दोनों वक्तव्यों | | | 91 | | | | |
| | (1) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा (A) की सही व्याख्या (R) है। | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | (A) और (R) व | रोनों सही हैं 1 | केन्तु (A) की र | पही व्याख्या | (R) नहीं है। | | | |
| | (3) | (A) सही है कि | • , , | | | | | | |
| | (4) | (A) गलत है वि | हन्तु (R) सह | ही है। | | | | | |
| 43. | वह शै किया | | ग जिसने नागि | ापटम् में अपने पि | पेता द्वारा पह | ले आरम्भ किये ग | ये चूड़ामणि वि | वहार के निर्माण को | पूर्ण |
| | (1) | बालपुत्रदेव | (2) | मारविजयोत्तुंग | वर्मन् (3) | समराग्रवीर | (4) | त्रैलोक्यराज | |
| 44. | कम्बो | डिया का भव्यतम | । स्मारक अंग | ाकोर वाट मूलत | : किसको स | गमर्पित था? | | | |
| | (1) | बुद्ध | (2) | तारा | (3) | शिव | (4) | विष्णु | |
| 45. | कूचा | का वह भिक्षु, जि | से चीन में म | हायान बौद्धधर्म | की सर्वप्रथम | । व्याख्या करने वा | ाला माना जात | ा है, कौन था? | |
| | (1) | जिनगुप्त | (2) | कुमारजीव | (3) | परमार्थ | (4) | संघभूति | |
| 46. | 1579 (1) (2) | शेख मुबारक ने | महज़र का ए | प्रारूप तैयार किय | ΠΙ | ं से कौन सा कथ <i>मुज़तहिद</i> (कानू | | है ? ा करने वाला) से [:] | उच्च |
| | (3) | | | • | | खदूम-उल-मुल्क | | | |
| | (4) | हाकिम-उल-मु | ल्क तथा सद्र | -ए-जहां मुफ्ती | ने यह घोषप | ग की कि उनकी | मुहर दबाव ड | डालकर ली गई थी। | |
| 47. | | की, जो निम्नांकि | त में से किस | | _ | | <i>लास</i> ', नामक | कश्मीर के इतिहास | की |
| | (1) | फिरदौसी का श | | | ` ' | एका <i>कथाकौतुक</i> | | | |
| | (2) | anile rand a | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Terreil | (4) | . | mere e | | |

(3) अमीर खुसरो का *इजाज-ए-खुसरवी* (4) अब्दुर रहमान का संदेशरसक

48. खगोलशास्त्रियों तथा शासकों, जिनके संरक्षण में वे फले-फूले, के निम्नांकित युग्मों पर विचार करें। उस युग्म का चयन करें जो सुमेलित **नहीं** है:

खगोलशास्त्रीशासक(1)महेन्द्र सूरीफिरोज़ शाह तुगलक(2)फरीदुद्दीन मुनज्जम देहलवीहुमायूं(3)मुल्ला चांदअकबर(4)महमूद जौनपुरीशाहजहां

- 49. Which of the following statement is **not** correct?
 - Dakhni Urdu in its standardised literary form was first developed under the patronage of Bahmani rulers.
 - Gesu Daraz's Miraj-ul Ashiqin is one of the earliest works written in Dakhni Urdu. (2)
 - Mulla Daud composed Chandayan in Dakhni Urdu. (3)
 - Till the 18th century Urdu was called by various names Hindavi, Dakhni, Hindustani, (4)Rekhta.
- Which one of the following statements is **not** correct? 50.
 - Emperor Akbar forbode the use of beef as the cow was considered a sacred animal for the Hindus.
 - When a mughal official Haji Sultan of Thanesar killed a cow, he was transferred from (2)the place as punishment.
 - Aquavira's letter dated september 27, 1582 complained that the Jesuits were unable to gets meat on sundays.
 - (4)Emperor Aurengzib encouraged the public to eat beef.
- Where are the duties of the Khalsa Sikhs in relation to the dharmsala (gurudwara) and its 51. management enunciated?
 - *Ianamsakhis* (1)

(2) Japujis

Mahima Prakash

- (4)Rahitnamas
- Consider the following pairs of authors and the books they have written and select the one 52. which is **not** correctly matched:

Author

- David Lorenzen The Sants: Studies in a Devotional Tradition of (1)India
- (2) Charlotte Vaudeville

A Weaver Named Kabir

Linda Hess and Shukdev Singh (3)

The Bijak of Kabir

John Stratton Hawley and Mark Songs of the Saints of India (4)**Juergensmeyer**

Read the following passage, and point out the author who made the comment as indicated 53. below:

"Muslims and Hindus travelled 100-200 karoh's to catch a glimpse of the court, and the pomp and splendour of the cavalcade of Sultan Balban, and were wonder-struck and arranged at the spectacle, hearing about the awe, majesty and grandeur of the court and the cavalcade, the insurgents of distant lands turned obedient".

Hasan Nizami (1)

Zia-ud din Barani

Abul Fazl (3)

- (4) Bhim Sen
- **54.** "He refused to acknowledge caste distinctions or to recognise the authority of the Six Hindu Schools of philosophy, nor did he set any store by the four divisions of life (ashrams) prescribed for Brahmans. He held that religion (dharma) without devotion (bhakti) was no religion at all (adharma), and that asceticism, fasting and alms giving had no value if not accompanied by adoration (bhajana)".

The above statement of Nabhadas in his Bhaktmāl was made for which of the following saint?

- (1) Kabir
- (2) Guru Nanak
- (3) Dadu
- (4) Ravidas

| | \sim | • | 7. | ` | ~ | | | 2 | 0. | • | _ |
|-----|--------|--------|----|---|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|
| 49. | ानम | नांकित | म | स | कान | सा | कथन | सहा | नहा | ह | ? |

- (1) दखनी उर्दू का मानकीकृत साहित्यिक प्रारूप सर्वप्रथम बहमनी शासक के संरक्षणत्व में विकसित हुआ था।
- (2) गेसू दराज कृत *मिराज-उल-आशिकीन* दखनी उर्दू में लिखी गई सर्वप्रथम कृतियों में से एक है।
- (3) मुल्ला दाउद ने दखनी उर्दू में चन्दायन की रचना की।
- (4) 18 वीं सदी तक उर्दू को विभिन्न नामों हिन्दवी, दखनी, हिंदुस्तानी, रेखती से जाना जाता था।
- 50. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही नहीं है?
 - (1) बादशाह अकबर ने गोमांस के प्रयोग पर पाबंदी लगा दी क्योंकि हिन्दु गाय को एक पूज्य पशु मानते थे।
 - (2) मुगल अधिकारी, थानेसर के हाजी सुल्तान द्वारा गाय की हत्या करने पर उसे दंड स्वरूप वहाँ से स्थानान्तरित कर दिया गया।
 - (3) 27 सितम्बर, 1582 के अकुआवीरा के पत्र में उसके द्वारा शिकायत की गई थी कि जेसुइटों को रिववार को मांस नहीं मिलता था।
 - (4) बादशाह औरंगजेब ने जनता को गोमांस खाने के लिए प्रोत्साहित किया।
- 51. *धर्मशाला (गुरुद्वारा)* और इसके प्रबन्धन के संबंध में खालसा सिक्खों के कर्त्तव्यों का वर्णन कहाँ किया गया है?
 - (1) जनमसाखी
- (2) जापुजी
- (3) महिमा प्रकाश
- (4) रहितनामा
- 52. निम्नलिखित लेखकों और उनकी पुस्तकों के जोड़ों पर विचार कीजिए और जो सही सुमेलित **नहीं** है उसका चयन कीजिए:

| _ | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3 | ख | ф |

पुस्तक

(1) डेविड लॉरेन्जेन

- द संत्स : स्टडीज़ इन ए डिवोशनल ट्रैडीशन ऑफ इंडिया ए वीवर नेम्ड कबीर
- (2) चार्लीट वॉडविले

(4)

- द बीजक ऑफ कबीर
- (3) लिंडा हेस और सुखदेव सिंह
- सांग्स ऑफ द सेंट्स ऑफ इंडिया
- 53. निम्नलिखित उद्धरण को पढ़िए और बताइये कि किस लेखक ने यह टिप्पणी की :

जॉन स्ट्रैटन हॉली और मार्क जुअर्गेन्समेयर

"मुस्लिम और हिन्दु सुल्तान बलबन के दरबार और उसके कारवाँ की शान और वैभव की एक झलक पाने के लिए 100-200 करोह की यात्रा करते थे और उसके भव्य प्रदर्शन को देखकर अचिम्भित और विस्मित हो जाते थे तथा सुल्तान के भय, प्रभुत्व और प्रताप को देखकर दूर-दराज के उपद्रवी भी आज्ञाकारी हो जाते थे"।

- (1) हसन निजामी
- (2) जिया-उद्दीन बर्नी
- (3) अबुल फज़ल
- (4) भीम सेन
- 54. ''उन्होंने जाति विभेद को स्वीकार करने अथवा षड् दर्शन की हिन्दु विचारधाराओं के प्राधिकार को मान्यता देने से इन्कार कर दिया, न ही ब्राह्मणों के लिए विहित जीवन के चार आश्रमों में उनकी आस्था थी। उनका मत था कि भिक्त के बिना धर्म अधर्म है और तपस्या, उपवास तथा भिक्षा देने का कोई मूल्य नहीं है यदि इसके साथ भजन न हो''। नाभादास के द्वारा 'भक्तमाल' में दिया गया उपर्युक्त वक्तव्य निम्नलिखित में से किस संत के लिए है?
 - (1) कबीर
- (2) गुरु नानक
- (3) दादू
- (4) रविदास

| 55. | | | ith alphab | et of t | he Bab | | | | | inlaid ink-st in that script Hindal | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--|----------------------|---|---------|
| 56. | langu State | e following page given lement: ose the correction | oelow : "Suyurgha | al was | s a | - | | the blank some ord meaning Persian | - | e filled up w and." Pashtu | ith the |
| 57. | | kh Muhamn t was it enti Yoga Qalar Bahr-al Ha | itled ? ıdar | of Gw | valior t | transla (2) (4) | Rusl | reatise on y adnama na-al Bahrai | | <i>cunda'</i> into P | ersian. |
| 58. | The o | concept of (| Chārbāgh | was b | rought | t by th | ne Mı | ıghals. In th | e pairs ind | icated below | name |
| | of the | e $b\overline{a}gh$ and | the city are | e give | n. Iden | tity tl | he wr | ong pair : | | | |
| | (1) | Roshanara | bagh | (a) | Delhi | i | | | | | |
| | (2) | Aram bag | h | (b) | Agra | l | | | | | |
| | (3) (4) | Nishat gar Pinjore gar | | (c) (d) | Luck Char | now ndiga | rh | | | | |
| 59. | | palutas (Villa e following Thorali, Ma Thorali, Par Madhali, G Gurav, Par | constituted adhali and in the constituted in the constitute and the co | l the t Dhakta akti Ka Dhakti | three ro i Kaas aas Kaas | | ito thi | ree rows/ K | aas/ Oal in | the Deccan. | Which |
| 60. | | | e two state | ment | s one l | labelle | ed as | Assertion | (A) and the | e other label | lled as |
| | | on (R) . ose your ans | swer from t | he co | des giv | ven be | elow | • | | | |
| | | ements: | | | <i>8</i> | | | | | | |
| | Assertion (A) : Only Arabic calligraphy, and geometrical and floral motifs carved on ston served to decorate the buildings, such stone work, however, often showe great skill, and, as part of architectural design, appears to reach the level of true art. | | | | | | | | | howed | |
| | Reas | on (R) : | This was or | | | - | , | 0 | uman or ar | imal figures | in the |
| | Code | | 1 (7) | | (- | | | 1 | C (A) | | |
| | (1) (2) (3) | Both (A) as | , , | , but | • • | | | explanation rect explana | | | |
| | (4) | (A) is false | , , | | | | | | | | |

| 55. | | - | | - | | | | लिखित | कुछ अंशों के साथ बेल्ट |
|-----|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| | साहत (1) | ं जड़ाऊ कटार, एक ज हुमायूं | ाड़ाऊ द (2) | वात स्टंड तथा कामरान | एक स्ट्र | रूल भज् (3) | ा था ? अस्करी | (4) | हिंदाल |
| 56. | निम्ना | लेखित कथन में एक | रिक्त स्थ | थान है और इस | । रिक्त र | स्थान क | ो नीचे दी गई भाषा | से भरना | है। |
| | _ | ाः ''सुयुरघाल भाषा चुनिए : | | _ शब्द है जिस | का अर्थ | धर्मार्थ | भूमि है''। | | |
| | (1) | तुर्की | (2) | अरबी | | (3) | फारसी | (4) | पश्तु |
| 57. | ग्वालि | ायर के शेख मुहम्मद ग | ौस ने य | योग संबंधी ग्रंथ | 'अमृत् | <i>कुंड</i> 'व | न फारसी में अनुवा | द किया। | इसका शीर्षक क्या था? |
| | (1) | योग कलन्दर | (2) | रुश्दनामा | | (3) | बहर-अल हयात | (4) | मजमा-अल बहरीन |
| 58. | | • | लों द्वारा | लाई गई थी। | नीचे दि | ए गए | युग्मों में <i>बाग</i> तथा ३ | शहर के न | ाम दर्शाए गए हैं। <i>गलत</i> |
| | • | की पहचान करें: | | | | 7 | | | |
| | (1) | रोशनारा बाग | | (a) | दिल्ली | | | | |
| | (2) | आराम बाग | | (b) | आगरा | | | | |
| | (3) (4) | निशात गार्डन पिंजौर गार्डन | | (c) (d) | लखन चंडीग | | | | |
| 59. | दक्क | न में बाराबलूता (ग्राम | सेवक) |) को तीन कता | रों <i>/ कास्</i> | <i>।</i> / ओल | में वर्गीकृत किया ग | ाया था। | ये तीन कतारें निम्नांकित |
| | में से | कौन सी थीं ? | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | <i>थोराली, मधाली</i> तथ | ा <i>धर्क्ता</i> | कास | (2) | थोरात | <i>नी, परित</i> तथा <i>धर्क्त</i> | ने कास | |
| | (3) | <i>मधाली, गुराव</i> तथा | धक्ती व | कास | (4) | गुराव, | परित तथा धक्ती | कास | |
| 60. | | दो कथन दिए गए हैं, | | | है और व | दूसरा त | र्क (R) है। | | |
| | _ | दिए गए कूटों से सही | | | _ | | | | _ |
| | अभि | कथन (A) : | सुसरि प्रदर्शि | ज्ञत किए जाते | थे, तश | थापि, इ | स प्रकार के शिल | कार्यों र | ादार अभिप्राय से भवन प्षे अक्सर महान् कौशल कला के वास्तविक स्तर |
| | तर्क | (R) : | | रुसलमानों के उ कार को आकृति | • (| | | वे मानव | और पशु आकृतियों के |
| | कूट | : | | | | | | | |
| | (1) | (A) और (R) दोनों | सही हैं | और (R) , (A) | की सह | ही व्याख | त्र्या है। | | |
| | (2) | (A) और (R) दोनों | सही हैं | किन्तु (R), (| A) की र | पही व्य | ाख्या नहीं है। | | |
| | (3) | (A) सही है और (R |) सही न | नहीं है। | | | | | |
| | (4) | (A) सही नहीं है औ | ₹ (R) ₹ | पही है। | | | | | |

- **61.** Who started the journal "Indian Antiquary'?
 - (1) Sir Edwin Arnold

(2) James Burgess

(3) Monier Williams

(4) Sir John Marshall

- **62.** Which administrator-historian of British India, disregarding James Mill's out-pour on Indian history, agreed with Vico's concept that "human nature can never be measured by common yard-stick. It differed in time and space, region to region, period to period"?
 - (1) Thomas Munro

(2) James Malcolm

(3) Mountstuart Elphinstone

(4) James Grant-Duff

- 63. Who wrote, "The chief value of the Raja's (Raja Rammohan Roy) labour, to our mind, seems to lie in his fight against the forces of medievalism in India, and it is for this reason that we claim him the honour of being the father of the present Indian Renaissance."
 - (1) Keshub Chandra Sen

(2) Bipin Chandra Pal

(3) Chittaranjan Das

(4) Rabindranath Tagore

- **64.** Who among the following was **not** a Baptist missionary of Serampore ?
 - (1) Dr. John Wilson

(2) William Carey

(3) Jushua Marshman

(4) William Ward

- **65.** Which one of the following social ideals of Arya Samaj is **not** correct?
 - (1) The Samaj believed in the 'Fatherhood of God and Brotherhood of man'.
 - (2) The Samaj defended the caste system in its existing form.
 - (3) The Samaj believed in 'Equality between genders between man and man, also between man and woman'.
 - (4) The Samaj believed in, 'Equal opportunities for all according to their nature, actions and merit'.
- 66. Who founded the 'Parsee Gayan Uttejak Mandali' in 1870?
 - (1) Shapurji Sorabji Bengali

(2) Dadabhai Naoroji

(3) Kaikhusroo Naoroji Kabraji

- (4) Behramji Merwanji Malabari
- **67.** Of the ideological basis of the Prarthana Samaj as formulated by M.G. Ranade in his 'A Theist Confession of Faith' (1883), which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - (1) It sought to reconcile Hinduism to the spirit of progress and transform it into spiritual enlightenment as against crude superstition.
 - (2) It believed in idol worship and divine origin of scriptures.
 - (3) The Samaj drew its strength particularly from the Bhakti saints of Maharashtra.
 - (4) It believed in 'Fatherhood of God and Brotherhood of Man'.

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| 61. | निम्नी | लिखित में से किसने जर्नल 'इंडियन एन्टिक | त्ररी 'शु | रू की ? |
|--------------|---------|---|---------------|---|
| | (1) | सर एडविन आर्नोल्ड | (2) | जेम्स बर्जेस |
| | (3) | मोनियर विलियम्स | (4) | सर जॉन मार्शल |
| 62. | ब्रिटिः | श भारत के किस प्रशासक–इतिहासकार ने भ | ारतीय इ | इतिहास के संबंध में जेम्स मिल के उद्गार की अवहेलना करते |
| | हुए वि | त्रको की अवधारणा से सहमति व्यक्त की कि | ''मानव | त्र स्वभाव को एक ही पैमाना से कभी भी नहीं मापा जा सकता। |
| | यह स | गमय और स्थान, क्षेत्र-क्षेत्र और काल-काल [े] | में अल | ग−अलग होता है''? |
| | (1) | थामस मुनरो | (2) | जेम्स माल्कम |
| | (3) | माउन्टस्टूअर्ट एल्फिन्सटन | (4) | जेम्स ग्रांट डफ |
| 63. | ''हम | ारे मन में राजा (राजा राममोहन राय) के परि | श्रम का | सबसे बड़ा मान इस तथ्य में प्रतीत होता है कि उन्होंने भारत में |
| | मध्यव | कालवाद की ताकतों के विरुद्ध लड़ाई लड़ी उ | गौर यही | कारण है कि हम उनके लिए वर्तमान भारतीय पुनर्जागरण का |
| | जनक | ह होने का दावा करते हैं''। यह किसने लिख | Π? | |
| | (1) | केशव चंद्र सेन | (2) | बिपिन चंद्र पाल |
| | (3) | चित्तरंजन दास | (4) | रविन्द्रनाथ टैगोर |
| 64. | निम्ना | लिखित में से कौन श्रीरामपुर का बैपटिस्ट मि | शनरी न | नहीं था ? |
| | (1) | डा. जॉन विल्सन | (2) | विलियम कैरी |
| | (3) | जुशुआ मार्शमैन | (4) | विलियम वार्ड |
| 65. | आर्य | समाज के सामाजिक आदर्शों में से निम्नलिनि | खत में | से कौन-सा सही नहीं है? |
| | (1) | समाज का 'ईश्वर के पितृत्व और मानव वे | भ गतृत | च' में विश्वास था। |
| | (2) | समाज ने जाति व्यवस्था का उसके वर्तमान | रूप मे | ों समर्थन किया। |
| | (3) | समाज लिंग समानता - मनुष्य और मनुष्य | , पुरुष | और स्त्री के बीच भी - में विश्वास रखता था। |
| | (4) | समाज 'सबके लिए उनकी प्रकृति, कार्य उ | और गुण | ा-दोष के अनुसार समान अवसर' में विश्वास करता था। |
| 66. | निम्ना | लिखित में से किसने 1870 में 'पारसी गायन | उत्तेजव | क मंडली' की स्थापना की? |
| | (1) | शापूरजी सोराबजी बंगाली | (2) | दादाभाई नौरोजी |
| | (3) | कायखुसरो नौरोजी काबराजी | (4) | बेहरामजी मेरवानजी मलबारी |
| 67. | अपने | 'ए थीस्ट कन्फेशन ऑफ फेथ' (1883) में | एम.जी. | . रानाडे द्वारा प्रतिपादित प्रार्थना समाज के वैचारिक आधार के |
| | बारे मं | में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही नह | तें है? | |
| | (1) | _ | | तस्य बैठाने और उसको अपरिष्कृत अंधविश्वास के विपरीत |
| | (2) | आध्यात्मिक ज्ञानोदय में परिवर्तित करने क | | |
| | (2) | इसका विश्वास मूर्तिपूजा और धर्मग्रंथों की | | |
| | (3) | इस समाज को विशेषकर महाराष्ट्र के भिक | | |
| | (4) | इसका विश्वास 'ईश्वर के पितृत्व और मन् | ાુપ્ય ભ | म्रापृत्य म था। |
| D-5 0 | 15 | | 19 | Paper-III |

- **68.** Select the **correct** pair from the following:
 - (1) The All India Depressed Classes Association 1925
 - (2) The All India Depressed Classes Congress 1929
 - (3) The All India Depressed Classes League 1935
 - (4) The All India Scheduled Caste Federation 1941
- **69.** Who prepared in 1937, the Report on vocational education as advocated by Mahatma Gandhi?
 - (1) Pandit Motilal Nehru
- (2) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- (3) Acharya Vinoba Bhave
- (4) Dr. Zakir, Hussain
- 70. Given below are two statements one labelled as **Assertion** (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R):

Assertion (A): Dadabhai Nauroji deplored the exploitation of India by the British.

Reason (R): He was of the view that Indian grievances should be ventilated through constitutional agitation.

Codes:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (3) **(A)** is true **(R)** is false.
- (4) **(A)** is false **(R)** is true.
- **71.** Who wrote: "Truth without humility is an arrogant caricature. There is no remedy against hypocrisy but the world cannot be fooled all the time."
 - (1) Mahadev Govind Ranade
- (2) Gopal Krishna Gokhale

(3) Rabindranath Tagore

- (4) M. K. Gandhi
- 72. Which of the following statements regarding bias in historical writings are correct?
 - (a) Mistaken presuppositions upon which history is based can also be called biased.
 - (b) Mistakes in biased history are motivated and not accidental.
 - (c) Biased accounts do not cause misunderstanding of structures and processes they describe.
 - (d) Distortion in historical interpretation is motivated by an interest in making the argument appear weak.

Codes:

- (1) (a) and (d) are correct.
- (2) (b) and (c) are correct.
- (3) (b) and (d) are correct.
- (4) (a) and (c) are correct.

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| 68. | निम्न | लिखित में से सही जोड़े को चुनिए : |
|-----|-------|---|
| | (1) | द ऑल इंडिया डिप्रेस्ड क्लासेज एसोसिएशन - 1925 |
| | (2) | द ऑल इंडिया डिप्रेस्ड क्लासेज कांग्रेस - 1929 |

- द ऑल इंडिया डिप्रेस्ड क्लासेज लीग 1935 (3)
- द ऑल इंडिया शिड्यूल्ड कास्ट फेडरेशन 1941
- निम्नलिखित में से किसने 1937 में महात्मा गांधी द्वारा यथा समर्थित व्यावसायिक शिक्षा संबंधी रिपोर्ट तैयार की? 69.
 - पंडित मोतीलाल नेहरू (1)
- मौलाना अबुल कलाम आजाद (2)
- आचार्य विनोबा भावे (3)

- डा. जाकिर हुसैन (4)
- नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं, एक अभिकथन (A) है और दूसरा तर्क (R) है। 70.

अभिकथन (A): दादा भाई नौरोजी ने अंग्रेजों द्वारा भारत के शोषण पर दु:ख प्रकट किया।

उनका विचार था कि भारतीय शिकायतों को संवैधानिक आंदोलन के द्वारा अभिव्यक्त करना तर्क (R): चाहिए।

कूट :

- (1) दोनों (A) और (R) सही हैं और (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या है।
- दोनों (A) और (R) सही हैं किंतु (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है। (2)
- (A) सही है और (R) सही नहीं है। (3)
- (A) सही नहीं है और (R) सही है। (4)
- 71. किसने यह लिखा ''विनम्रता रहित सत्य एक अहंकारपूर्ण व्यंग्यचित्र है। पाखंड का कोई उपचार नहीं है किंतु दुनिया को हर समय मूर्ख नहीं बनाया जा सकता''।
 - महादेव गोविंद रानाडे (1)
- (2) गोपाल कृष्ण गोखले

रविन्द्रनाथ टैगोर (3)

- (4) एम.के. गांधी
- इतिहास लेखन में पूर्वाग्रह के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में कौन से कथन सही हैं? 72.
 - गलत पूर्वधारणा जिस पर इतिहास आधारित है को भी पूर्वाग्रह कहा जा सकता है। (a)
 - पूर्वाग्रहग्रस्त इतिहास में त्रुटियां सोद्देश्य होती हैं और संयोगवश नहीं होती। (b)
 - पूर्वाग्रहग्रस्त वृत्तांत जिस संरचना और प्रक्रिया का वर्णन करते हैं वे उसके बारे में गलतफहमी नहीं पैदा करते हैं। (c)
 - तर्क को कमजोर दिखलाने के उद्देश्य से इतिहास की विकृत व्याख्या की जाती है। (d)

कृट:

(a) और (d) सही हैं। (1)

(2) (b) और (c) सही हैं।

(b) और (d) सही हैं।

(4) (a) और (c) सही हैं।

| 73. | Mate | ch Lis | t - I w | v ith \mathbf{L} i | i st - II and : | select | the correct answer from the code given below : |
|-----|------|---------------|---------|------------------------|------------------------|--------|---|
| | | List | - I | | | | List - II |
| | | (Aut | hor) | | | | (Book) |
| | (a) | Mad | husu | dan D | utta | (i) | Maiden-e-Amal |
| | (b) | Hari | Nara | yen A | Apte | (ii) | Saraswatichandra |
| | (c) | Gov | ardha | nram | Tripathi | (iii) | Madhali Sthiti |
| | (d) | Pren | n Cha | nd | | (iv) | Meghanad - Vadha - Kavya |
| | Cod | e: | | | | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | |
| | (1) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | | |
| | (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | | |
| | (3) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | | |
| | (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | | |
| 74. | Mate | ch Lis | t - I w | vith L | ist - II and | select | the correct answer from the code given below: |
| | | List | - I | | | | List - II |
| | | • | forme | | | | (Form of dance) |
| | (a) | Rukl | hmini | Devi | | (i) | Odissi |
| | (b) | Mrir | nalini | Sarab | hai | (ii) | Bharatnatyam |
| | (c) | Sitar | a Dev | 7i | | (iii) | Kathakali |
| | (d) | Sona | ıl Mar | nsing | | (iv) | Kathak |
| | Cod | e : | | | | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | |
| | (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | | |
| | (2) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | | |
| | (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | | |
| | (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | | |
| | | | | | | | |

75. Who founded the 'Oriental School of Arts' in Bengal, which recalled the ancient past and stressed national individuality in self-expression?

(1) Abanindranath Tagore

(2) E.B. Havell

(3) Nandlal Bose

(4) Gaganendranath Tagore

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73. सूची - I और सूची- II को सुमेलित कीजिये और नीचे दिये गए कूट से सही उत्तर चुनिए : सूची - II सूची - I (लेखक) (पुस्तक) मेदेन-ए-अमल मधुसूदन दत्त (a) (i) (b) हरिनारायण आपटे (ii) सरस्वतीचंद्र गोवर्धनराम त्रिपाठी मधली स्थिति (c) (iii) प्रेम चंद मेघनाद-वध-काव्य (d) (iv) कूट : (b) (c) (d) (a) (1) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)

- (2) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i) (3) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (4)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- सूची I को सूची- II से सुमेलित कीजिये और नीचे दिये कूट से सही उत्तर चुनिए:

सूची - I सूची - II (नृतक) (नृत्य) रुक्मिणी देवी ओडिसी

- (a) (i)
- मृणालिनी साराभाई (b) (ii) भरतनाट्यम
- सितारा देवी कथकली (c) (iii) सोनल मानसिंह (d) (iv) कथक
- कुट:
- (d) (a) (b) (c)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (4)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- निम्नलिखित में से किसने बंगाल में 'ओरिएन्टल स्कूल ऑफ आर्ट' की स्थापना की, जिसने प्राचीन अतीत को याद कराया तथा आत्म-अभिव्यक्ति में राष्ट्रीय विशेषता पर बल दिया?
 - अबनिंद्रनाथ टैगोर (2) ई.बी. हैवेल (1)
- (3) नंदलाल बोस
- (4) गगनेन्द्रनाथ टैगोर

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Space For Rough Work